



Service Manual

V8 VRF Indoor Units





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1 Indoor and outdoor unit compatibility

Before performing maintenance, please confirm that the indoor and outdoor units in the system are compatible with each other. For specific compatibility relationships, please refer to the table below.

					Indoor Unit			
				V6 platform			V8 platform	
Outdoor Ur	nit	Indoor U	Jnit	2nd generation AC	2nd generation DC	HRV	V8 indoor unit	
				MDV-D***	MI2-***	HRV-***	MIH***	
	\/4.	V5X	MV5-X***	√	√	√	×	
	V4+	V4+W	MDVS-***	√	√	√	√	
	platform	Mini VRF	\	√	√	√	×	
		V6	MV6-***	√	√	√	√	
		V6i	MV6-i***	√	√	√	√	
		VX	MVX-***	√	√	√	√	
	V6	VXi	MVX-i***	√	√	√	√	
Outdoor	platform	V6R	MV6-R***	√	√	√	√	
Unit		VC Pro	MVC-***	√	√	√	√	
		VCi	MDVC-V***	√	√	√	√	
		Mini C	\	√	√	√	√	
		V8	MV8-***	√	√	√	√	
	\ /O	V8i	MV8i-***	√	√	√	√	
	V8	V8S	MV8S-***	√	√	√	√	
	platform	R32 Mini	MV8M-***	×	×	√	√	
		R410A Mini	MV8M-***	√	√	√	√	

Notes:

 $oldsymbol{\sqrt{}}$ represents compatibility, $\,oldsymbol{ ine}\,$ represents incompatibility



The AHU kit connects the indoor unit to the outdoor unit

Indo	or unit combinat		Out	door Ui	nit				
Combination	Capacity control method		V8 Platform	V6/V6i / V6pro /VX/VXi/ VXpro / VC	V6R	Mini C 2 / Mini C / Atom B	V5X/V4+W	Connection r	ate ^[4]
	Input set	Control 1	√	√	×	×	×	Indoor unit / Outdoor unit	50%- 1009
AHU kit -F series (V8)	temperature [2]	Control 2	√	√	√	×	×	Indoor unit/Outdoor unit	50%~ 1009
	Input the capacity value	Control 3 ^[3]	√	√	×	×	×	Indoor unit / Outdoor unit	50%- 1009
	Input set	Control 1	×	×	×	×	×	/	
AHU kit -F	temperature	Control 2	√	√	√	×	×	Indoor unit / Outdoor unit	50%- 1009
series (V8)+ Indoor unit ^[1]	Input the capacity value	Control 3 ^[3]	×	×	×	×	×	/	
A1111122 F	Input set	Control 1	×	×	×	×	×	/	
AHU kit -F series (V8)+	temperature	Control 2	×	×	×	×	×	/	
Fresh Air Processing Unit (FAPU)	Input the capacity value	Control 3 ^[3]	×	×	×	×	×	/	
	Input set	Control 1	×	×	×	×	×	/	
AHU kit -F series (V8)+	temperature [2]	Control 2	×	×	×	×	×	/	
AHU kit -D series (V6)	Input the capacity value	Control 3 ^[3]	×	×	×	×	×	/	

Control 1——Control: AHU supply air temperature

Control 2——Control: AHU return air temperature

Control 3——Control: AHU return air temperature or AHU supply air temperature or room temperature

The detailed explanation of the three control methods can be found in Chapter 10- Capacity Control of Installation and Operation Manual.

- [1] Indoor unit does not include Fresh Air Processing Unit and Hydro Module.
- [2] Input the setting temperature (Ts) using the Midea controller or input the set temperature value (Ts) using a third party controller 0-10 V.
- [3] The temperature difference (ΔT =The actual measured temperature target temperature,) is programmed by a third-party controller to be converted to a 0-10V signal and the capacity or Te/Tc is adjusted according to the voltage value.
- [4] Connection rate: The ratio between the total nominal cooling capacity of indoor units in the system and the total nominal cooling capacity of outdoor units is defined as the connection rate, and the nominal cooling capacity is measured in HP.



2 R32 System Service

Indoor units in this manual can be used with both R410A and R32 refrigerant systems. When repairing systems that use R32 refrigerant, the following warnings and operating requirements should be noted.

2.1 Warning about the R32 refrigerant



The following information indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

The following applies to R32 refrigerant systems.

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres.

Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.

All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.

Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:



- the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.

If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- -that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- -that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- -that there is continuity of earth bonding.

During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of ageing or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed.

Since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;



- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.

This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.

This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available. Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them. Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN.

DD.12 Decommissioning:

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of



refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

Warning: disconnect the appliance from its power source during service and when replacing parts.

These units are partial unit air conditioners, complying with partial unit requirements of this International Standard, and must only be connected to other units that have been confirmed as complying to corresponding partial unit requirements of this International Standard.

2.2 Qualification requirements for maintenance personnel



The following information indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors and authorised installers

Work on the refrigerant circuit with flammable refrigerant in safety group A2L may only be carried out by authorised heating contractors. These heating contractors must be trained in accordance with EN 378 Part 4 or IEC 60335-2-40, Section HH. The certificate of competence from an industry accredited body.

Brazing/soldering work on the refrigerant circuit may only be carried out by contractors certified in accordance with ISO 13585 and AD 2000, Datasheet HP 100R. And only by contractors qualified and certified for the processes to be carried out. The work must fall within the range of applications purchased and be carried out in accordance with the prescribed procedures. Soldering/brazing work on accumulator connections requires certification of personnel and processes by a notified body according to the Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU).

Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

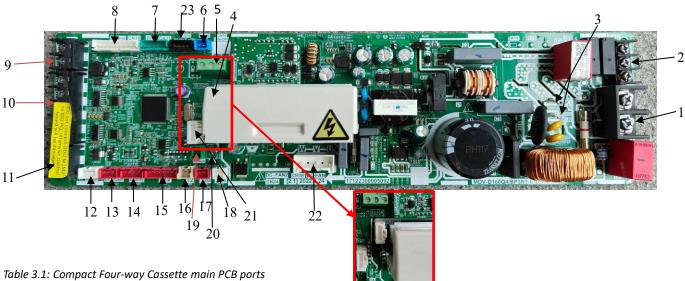
Before initial commissioning, all safety relevant points must be checked by the particular certified heating contractors. The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.



3 Main PCB Ports

3.1 Compact Four-way Cassette

Figure 3.1:Compact Four-way Cassette main PCB port



Label in		ette main PCB ports		
Figure	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
3.1				
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard

- Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

Table 3.2: voltage test instructions

Code	Content	Description	Picture
CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	/	5V (1 pin) DGND
CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Shorting pins 2 and 3, forced shutdown of the internal machine (default), can be set by controller (N38)	PIN2 CND PIN 3 12V
CN35	Humidity sensor connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 3.3V	GND 3.3V 1 pin
CN18	Switch module connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 5V; Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 12V	GND 12V 5V GND2 (1 pin)
CN5	Water level switch port	The water level is normal, the water level switch is in the channel state; when the water level is full, the water level switch is in the disconnected state	1 pin GND



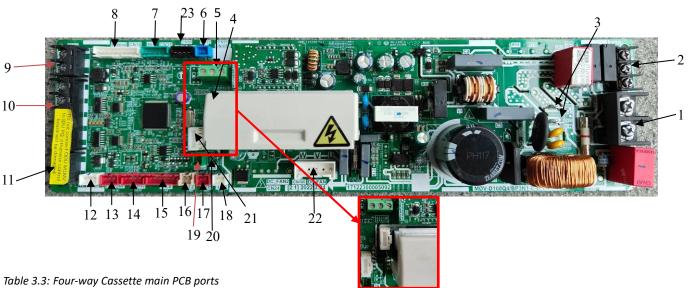
Table 3.2: voltage test instructions (continue)

Code	Content	Description	Description
CN190	Drainage pump port	When the water pump is running, pin 2 and 3 output 12V DC	1 pin GND
CN30	Display panel connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 4, the value should be 12V;	1 pin GND-L
CN8	EEV drive port	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 5 and GND (use other ports' GND) , the value should be 12V;	1 pin Using other ports' GND
CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	/	3.3V (1 pin) ————————————————————————————————————
CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 12V;	GND 12V (1 pin)



3.2 Four-way Cassette

Figure 3.2: Four-way Cassette main PCB ports



Label in Code		Combont	Doub welltone	Nicks
Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard



- Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.3 Arc Duct

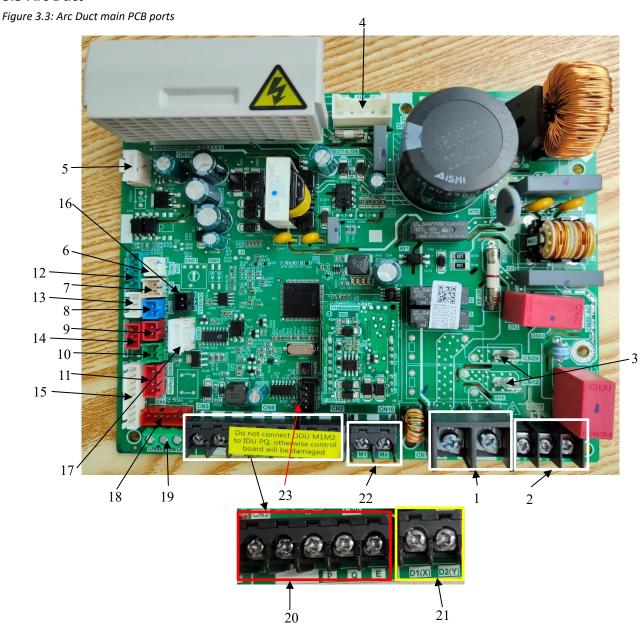


Table 3.4: Arc Duct main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.3	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard

Table continued on next page ...



Table 3.4: Arc Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in	Code	Control	David valle and	Nete
Figure 3.3	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
13	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
15	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard

Notes:

Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.

Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.4 Medium Static Pressure Duct

Figure 3.4: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports

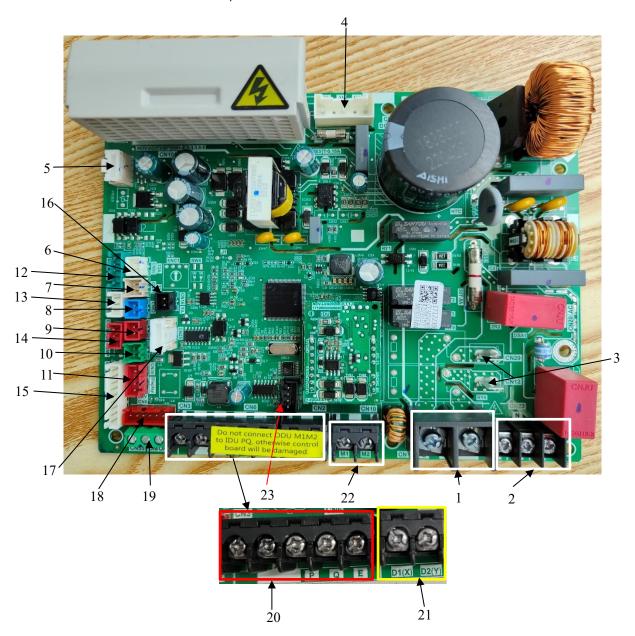


Table 3.5: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.4	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard



_							
	6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard		

Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.5: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.4	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
13	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
15	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X 2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D 2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1 M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard

Notes:

- **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 - Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.5 Wall Mounted

Figure 3.5: Wall Mounted main PCB ports

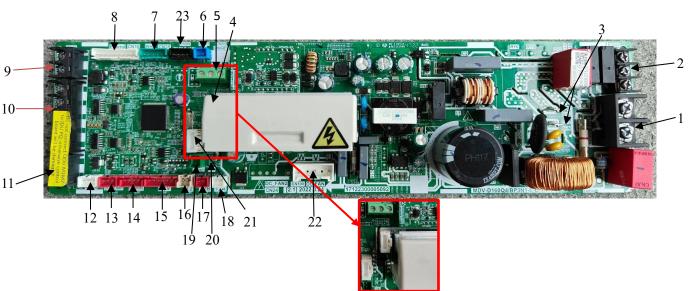


Table 3.6: Wall Mounted main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.5	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved



	21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
ſ	22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
	23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

Notes:

1. Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.

Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.6 One-way Cassette

Figure 3.6: One-way cassette main PCB ports

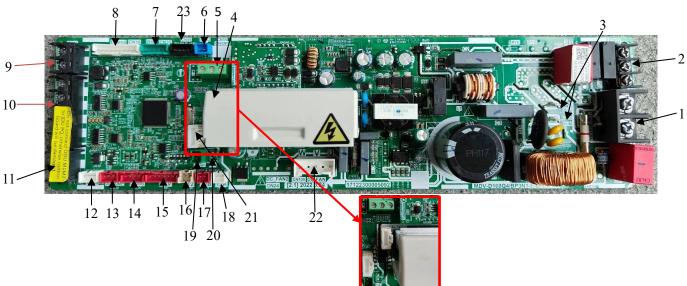


Table 3.7: One-way cassette main PCB ports

Label in				
Figure	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
3.6				
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard

u	id	ea

18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

Notes:

- 1. Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 - Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.7 Two-way Cassette

Figure 3.7: Two-way cassette main PCB ports

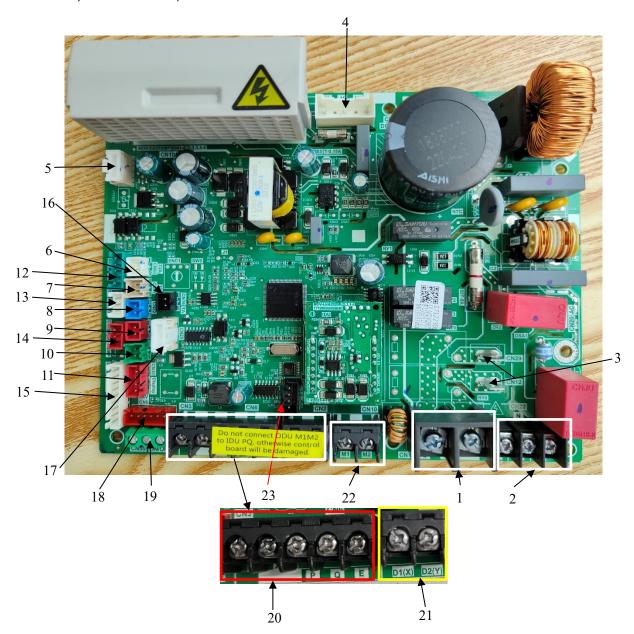


Table 3.8: Two-way cassette main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.7	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard



Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.8: Two-way cassette main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.7	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC ^[5]	Reserved
13	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
15	CN18	Switch module,	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Reserved
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X2,P QE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1M 2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard

- Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.

 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.8 Floor Standing (F3/F4/F5)

Figure 3.8: Floor Standing main PCB ports

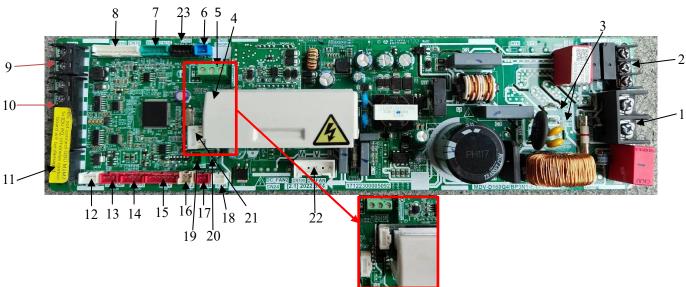


Table 3.9: Floor Standing main PCB ports

Label in				
Figure	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
3.8				
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard



22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

Notes:

1. Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.

Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.9 High Static Pressure Duct (5.6-16kW)

Figure 3.9: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (5.6-16kW)

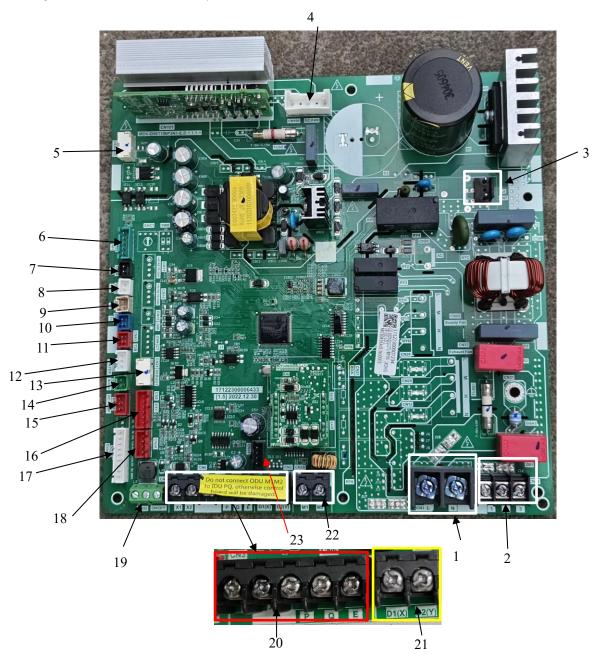


Table 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (5.6-16kW)

Label in Figure 3.9	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN7	Reactor connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
6	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
7	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
8	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard



Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.9	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
9	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
11	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
13	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
15	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
17	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
19	CN55	Remote control ON/OFF port	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X 2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D 2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1 M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard

- Standard: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc.

 Customized: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.
 - **Reserved**: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.10 High Static Pressure Duct (20-56kW)

Figure 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (20-56kW)

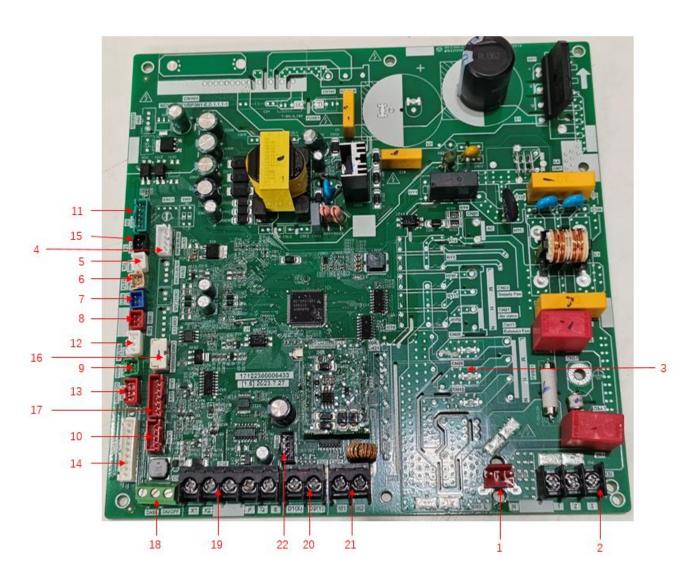


Table 3.11: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (20-56kW)

Label in Figure 3.10	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN11	Fan module connection	5V DC	Standard
5	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
6	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved

Table continued on next page \dots



Table 3.11: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.10				
10	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
11	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
13	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
15	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
16	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
17	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN55	Remote control ON/OFF port	Note 5	Standard
19	CN6(X1X2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
20	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
22	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard

- Standard: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc.

 Customized: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



Figure 3.11: Fan module ports (20-56kW)

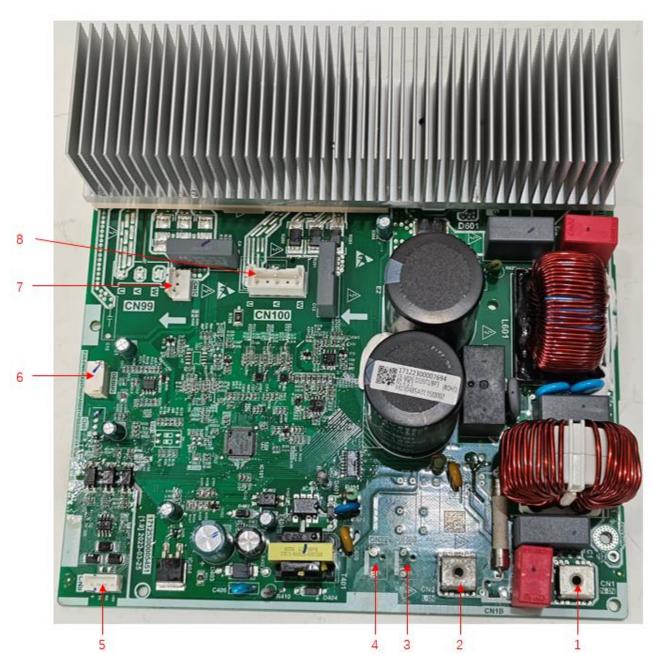


Table 3.12: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.10	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(N)	Power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN2(L)	Power input	220V AC	Standard
3	CN21	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN22	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
5	CN8	Main control board connection	5V DC	Standard
6	CN25	Program burning port(fan module)		Standard
7	CN1C	Reserved	310VDC/380VDC	Reserved
8	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard



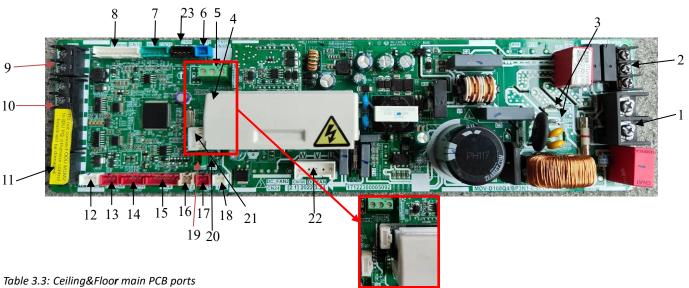
Table 3.13: voltage test instructions

Label	Code	Content	Picture
5	CN8	Main control board connection	5V GND
6	CN25	Program burning port(fan module)	GND 5V



3.11 Ceiling&Floor

Figure 3.12: Ceiling&Floor main PCB ports



	Floo r main PCB pol	rts		
Label in Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard



- 1. **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 - Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.12 Fresh Air Processing

Figure 3.13: Fresh Air Processing main PCB ports

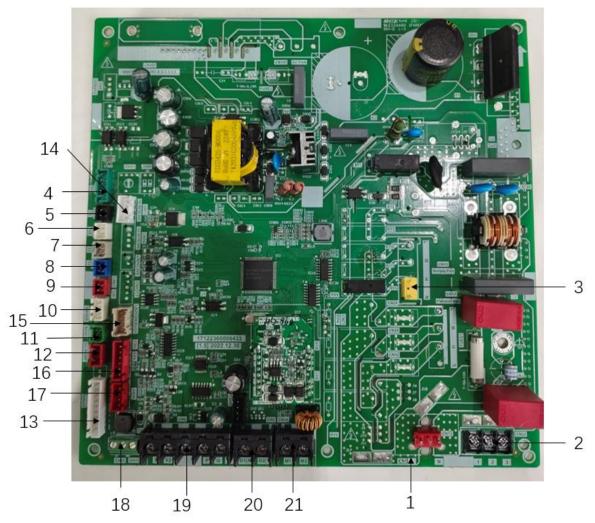


Table 3.3: Fresh Air Processing main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN27	Air valve linkage is used to drive the intermediate relay coil.	220V AC	Standard
4	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
5	CN16	TA Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T0 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN5	Water level switch port	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
11	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
12	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
13	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
14	CN11	Fan module connection	5V DC	Standard



Label in Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
15	CN25	Program burning port (indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
17	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
18	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
19	CN6(X1X2, PQE)	X1 X2 communication port (with wire controller); P Q communication port (with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P, E or Q, E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
20	CN2 (D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port (with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN10 (M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port (with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard

- Standard: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc.
 Customized: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.
 - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.



3.13 Small Airflow Rate Fresh Air Processing

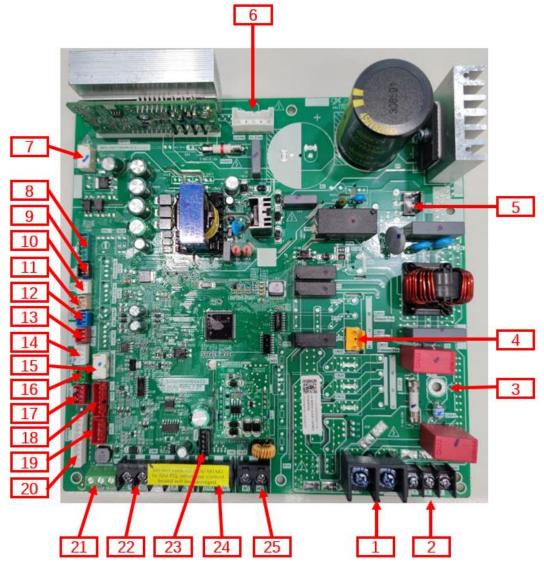


Table 3.3: Fresh Air Processing main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1/(N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN1(L,N) CN22	AC power input AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN31	Function address	/	Standard
4	CN27	Air valve linkage is used to drive the intermediate relay coil.	3.3V DC	Standard
5	CN7	Reactor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
6	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
7	CN4	T2 Temperature sensor connection	5V DC ^[5]	Standard
8	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN16	TA Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
11	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
12	CN82	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
14	CN5	Fan module connection	5V DC	Standard



Label in Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
15	CN25	Program burning port (indoor unit)	3.3V DC ^[5]	Standard
16	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
17	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC ^[5]	Standard
19	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
20	CN18	Switch module	5V/12V DC ^[5]	Standard
21	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
22	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard
24	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller or group controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
25	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard

Notes:

1. Standard: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc.

Customized: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

Table 3.2: voltage test instructions

Code	Content	Description	Picture
CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	/	5V (1 pin) DGND
CN30	Display panel connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 4, the value should be 12V;	1 pin GND-L



Table 3.2: voltage test instructions (continue)

Code	Content	Description	Description
CN35	Humidity sensor connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 3.3V	GND 3.3V 1 pin
CN5	Water level switch port	The water level is normal, the water level switch is in the channel state; when the water level is full, the water level switch is in the disconnected state	1 pin GND
CN190	Drainage pump port	When the water pump is running, pin 2 and 3 output 12V DC	1 pin GND
CN18	Switch module connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 5V; Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 12V	GND 12V 5V GND2 (1 pin)
CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	/	3.3V (1 pin) ————————————————————————————————————
CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Shorting pins 2 and 3, forced shutdown of the internal machine (default), can be set by controller (N38)	PIN2 CND PIN 3 12V
CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 12V;	GND 12V (1 pin)



4 Indoor unit settings

4.1 Parameter settings

Taking KJR-86S/BK as an example, the parameters can be set in the power-on or power-off state.

①Hold " riangledown " and " riangledown " for 3 seconds to enter the parameter setting interface, and the main interface will display "CC"

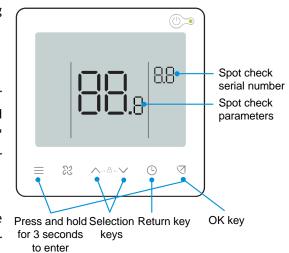
2

a) Wired controller Parameter Settings (Cxx)

When display "CC", press " ☑ " will enter the wired controller Parameter Settings "Cxx". Press "^" and "`'" to switch the parameter code and press" ☑ " to enter Parameter value setting interface. Then press "^" and "`'" to change Parameter value and press " ☑ " to save changes.(For example "CC" to "C03" to "01")

b) Indoor unit Parameter Settings (Nxx)

When display "CC", press " \checkmark ", then the indoor unit number will be displayed ("n00-n63" is displayed, and the last two digits are the indoor unit addresses). Press the " \triangleleft " to enter the indoor unit parameter



setting interface, and "n00" will be displayed. Use "^" and "\" to adjust to "Nxx" and press the " \(\textstyle \) " to confirm. Finally, press "\(\textstyle \) and "\(\textstyle \) to change Parameter value and press " \(\textstyle \) " to save changes. (For example "CC" to "n03" to "N25" to "01").

③Press the "⑤" button to return to the previous page until exiting the parameter setting or exiting the parameter setting after 60s without any operation.

Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings

Paramete r Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
C00	Main and secondary wired controller setting	0 indicates the main wired controller 1 indicates a secondary wired controller	0	If two wired controllers control one IDU, addresses for two wired controllers must be different. You are not allowed to set IDU parameters via the secondary wired controller (address 1), but can set the wired controller.
C01	Cooling only/cooling and heating setting	00: Cooling and Heating 01: Cooling Only	00	Heating mode is not available in cooling only setting
C02	Auto restart function setting for the wired controller	00: No 01: Yes	00	If the value is set to 00, the wired controller screen displays cooling, medium fan speed, and set temperature 24°C after each power-on. If the value is set to 01, the wired controller screen displays the mode, temperature, and fan speed that were previously set before a power failure upon each power-on.
C03	Time to remind users to clean the filter on the wired controller	00/01/02/03/04	01	00: No reminder to clean filter 01: 1200h, 02: 2500h 03: 5000h 04: 10000h
C04	Settings for infrared receiver of wired controller	00: Disable 01: Enable	01	When "Disable the infrared receiver of the wired controller" is on, the wired controller cannot receive remote control signal.



Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settinas(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
C05	Whether indoor ambient temperature is displayed	00: No 01: Yes	00	Common IDU, V8 AHU-kit, and V8 FAPU : T1_modify is displayed. V6 FAPU and V6 AHU-kit: Subject to the unit type
C06	LED indicator of wired controller	00: Off 01: On	01	When it is on, LED indicator shows the on/off stat of the indoor unit. When it is off, LED indicator is off.
C07	Wired controller Follow Me temperature calibration	Celsius: -5.0 to 5.0 Fahrenheit: -9.0 to 9.0	Celsius: -1.0 Fahrenheit: -2.0	Note: Accuracy is 0.5°C or 1°F
		Common V8 IDU 16°C to 30°C	16°C	
		Common V6 IDU (including V6 AC FAPU) 17°C to 30°C	17°C	
	Minimum cooling temperature	V8 FAPU (Supply air temperature control) 13°C to 30°C	13°C	
		V8 FAPU (Room temperature control) 16°C to 30°C	16°C	
C08		V6 DC FAPU 13°C to 30°C	13°C	
		V8 AHU kit (Supply air temperature control) 10°C to 30°C	10°C	
		V8 AHU kit (Return air temperature control) 16°C to 30°C	16°C	
		V6 AHU kit (Supply air temperature control) 10°C to 30°C	10°C	
		V6 AHU kit (Return air temperature control) 17°C to 30°C	17°C	



Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks	
		Common V8 IDU	30°C		
		16°C to 30°C		-	
		Common V6 IDU (including V6 AC			
		FAPU)	N/A		
		N/A			
		V8 FAPU (Supply			
		air temperature	30°C		
		control) 13°C to 30°C		-	
		V8 FAPU (Room temperature	30°C		
		control) 16°C to 30°C		The setting is valid only when the	
C09	Maximum cooling	V6 DC FAPU	N/A	wired controller is connected to a V8	
	temperature	N/A		IDU.	
		V8 AHU kit (Supply air temperature	30°C		
		control) 10°C to 30°C			
		V8 AHU kit (Return air temperature	30°C		
		control) 16°C to 30°C			
		V6 AHU kit (Supply air temperature			
		control)	N/A		
		N/A			
		V6 AHU kit (Return air temperature	21/2		
		control) N/A	N/A		
		Common V8 IDU			
		16°C to 30°C	16°C		
		Common V6 IDU (including V6 AC			
		FAPU)	N/A		
		N/A	IN/A		
		V8 FAPU (Supply air temperature		-	
		control) 13°C to 30°C	13°C		
		V8 FAPU (Room			
		Temperature control) 16°C to 30°C	16°C		
		V6 DC FAPU		The setting is valid only when the	
C10	Minimum heating	N/A	N/A	wired controller is connected to a V8	
	temperature	V8 AHU kit (Supply air temperature			
		control) 10°C to 30°C	10°C		
		V8 AHU kit (Return air temperature			
		control) 16°C to 30°C	16°C		
		V6 AHU kit (Supply air temperature			
		control)	N/A		
		N/A			
		V6 AHU kit (Return air temperature			
		control)	N/A		
		N/A			



Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
		Common V8 IDU 16°C to 30°C	30°C	
		Common V6 IDU (including V6 AC		
		FAPU)	N/A	
		N/A		
		V8 FAPU (Supply		
		air temperature	30°C	
		control) 13°C to 30°C		
		V8 FAPU (Room		
		temperature	30°C	
		control) 16°C to 30°C		
	Maximum booting	V6 DC FAPU	N/A	
C11	Maximum heating	N/A	N/A	
	temperature	V8 AHU kit (Supply air temperature	30°C	
		control) 10°C to 30°C	30 C	
		V8 AHU kit (Return air temperature	30°C	
		control) 16°C to 30°C	30°C	
		V6 AHU kit (Supply air temperature		
		control)	N/A	
		N/A		
		V6 AHU kit (Return air temperature		
		control)	N/A	
		N/A		
		Common V8 IDU 16°C to 30°C	30°C	
C12	Set to display 0.5°C	00/01	01	00: Without 0.5°C display
C12	Set to display 0.5 c	00/01	01	01: With 0.5°C display
C13	Wired controller	00/01	01	00: Off
	button light setting	00/01	01	01: On
				The latest configuration parameters
				stored in the wired controller will be
	One click to deliver			changed after power on for two hours
C14	IDU Parameter		01	or after configuration parameters of
	settings			wired controller are changed.
	Ü			Note: 1: Applicable to one-to-one
				scenario
				2: Only for 2nd generation IDU
C15	Buzzer of the wired	00/01	01	00: No
	controller rings	,-		01: Yes
				00: 15s
C16	Backlight on time	00/01/02	00	01: 30s
				02: 60s



Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
	Whether energy			00: Disable
	efficiency attenuation			01: Enable
C17	is displayed when	00/01	00	The setting is valid only when the
	power off			wired controller is connected to a V8
	power on			IDU.
				00: Disable
	Whether IDU filter			01: Enable
C18	blockage is displayed	00/01	00	The setting is valid only when the
	when power off			wired controller is connected to a V8
				IDU.
				Only for the V8 FAPU, the value of
				C19 parameter cannot be set and T1
				value is fixed to F1. For other models,
				the value of this parameter can be
				set.
				F0: IDU T1 temperature sensor
	T1 temperature			F1: Follow Me T1 temperature
C19	selection	F0/F1/F2/F3/#IDU	F1	sensor embedded in the
	Selection			wired controller
				(Note: The secondary wired
				controller does not respond to
				Follow Me)
				F2: Second temperature sensor
				(reserved)
				F3: Ground sensor (reserved)
	Swing motor direction			The setting is valid only when the
C20	setting	00/01	00	wired controller is connected to a
	Setting			common V8 IDU.



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings

Paramete r	Parameter Name	Parameter	Default	Remarks
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
Code		IDU static		
	Static pressure of IDU	pressure level:		The IDU sets the selected corresponding static pressure
N00		00/01/02/03/	FF	(FF-there may be different default values for different
1100		04/05/06/07/08/	' '	series of indoor units)
		09/~/19/FF		series of indoor units)
	Power failure memory			
N01	function setting for the	00/01	01	00: No
	IDU			01: Yes
				00: None
				01: Available
NOO	IDU up/down swing	00/04/02/02/04	04	02/03: Reserved
N02	setting	00/01/02/03/04	01	04: Q4/Qmin four air vents
				Note: The IDU can automatically identify up/down swing
				so this function is invalid
				00: None
	IDU left/right swing setting	00/01	01	01: Available
N03				Note: The IDU can automatically identify up/down
				swing, so this function is invalid
	NO4 Infrared receiver of IDU display box	00/01	00	00: Yes
N04				01: No
		00/01/02	02	00: No
N05	Buzzer of the IDU rings			01: Yes
				02: Only the display box rings.
NOC	Light (display panel)	1-		00: Off
N06	setting	00/01	01	01: On
N07	Tomporatura unit	00/01	00	00: Celsius
NO7	Temperature unit	00/01	00	01: Fahrenheit
	Manda da sana sana disa			00: 15min
N08	Mode changeover time interval in the auto mode	00/01/02/03	00	01: 30min
INUO	(min)	00/01/02/03	00	02: 60min
	(111111)			03: 90min
	Heating and cooling	00/01/02/03/04/		00: 0°C; 01: 1°C; 02: 2°C;
N09	temperature difference	05/06/07/08	00	03: 3°C; 04: 4°C; 05: 5°C;
	setting in auto mode	03/00/07/08		06: 6°C; 07: 7°C; 08: 8°C
	Set outdoor temperature	Celsius: -25°C to		
N11	for auxiliary heat	20°C	0°C	Note: Accuracy is 1°C or 1°F
	source/alternative heat	Fahrenheit: -13°F		Trace / recurred to 1 2 C Of 1 1
	source to turn on	to 68°F		
	Indoor temperature			
N12	when auxiliary heater is	10°C to 30°C	24°C	(Accuracy is 1°C)
	on			



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Paramete				
r	Parameter Name	Parameter	Default	Remarks
Code		Range	Value	
	T1 temperature			
	difference for auxiliary			
N13	heat source/alternative	0-7	3	0-7 indicates 0 - 7°C (The value is accurate to 1°C or 1°F.)
	heat source to turn on			
	T1 temperature			
	difference when auxiliary			
N14	heat source/alternative	0-10	5	0-10 indicates -4 - 6°C(The value is accurate to 1°C or 1°F.)
	heat source is off			
	Auxiliary heater used	_		00: No
N15	alone	00/01	00	01: Yes
				00: Auto
N16	Auxiliary heater on/off	00/01/02	00	01: Forced on
	,			02: Forced off
				Common IDU:
	IDU cold draft prevention			0: 15; 1: 20; 2: 24; 3: 26; 04: Anti-cold wind disabled
N17	temperature settings	00/01/02/03/04	00	Fan coil unit: 00: 32°C; 01: 34°C; 02: 36°C; 03: 38°C;
				04: anti-cold wind invalid
				00: Start/Stop delay
				01: Speed 1
				02: Speed 2
				03: Speed 3
N18	Fan speed setting in	00/01/02/03/04/	01	04: Speed 4
	Cooling standby mode	05/06/07/14		05: Speed 5
				06: Speed 6
				07: Speed 7
				14: Fan speed before going to standby mode
				00: Fan off
	Standby fan speed range			01: L1
N19	in dry mode	00/01/02/03	01	02: L2
	·			03: Speed 1
				0: Termal
N20	Fan speed setting in	0/1/14	0	1: Speed 1
	heating standby mode			14: Fixed to Speed 1
				00: Fan shutdown
				01: 4min
				02: 8min
N21	Time to stop the fan of	01/02/03/04	01	03: 12min
	IDU (Termal)			04: 16min(stop the fan for Xmin; open the fan at
				speed 1 for 1min to detect the actual T1
				temperature)



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Paramete		Daram etc.:	Dofoult	
r	Parameter Name	Parameter	Default	Remarks
Code		Range	Value	
				00: 56P
Naa	EEV opening selection	00/04/02/44		01: 72P
N22	during heating standby	00/01/02/14	14	02: 0P
				14: Auto regulation
				00: 1°C
	Cooling return difference			01: 2°C
N23	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 0.5°C
	temperature			03: 1.5°C
				04: 2.5°C
				00: 1°C
	Heating return difference			01: 2°C
N24	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 0.5°C
	temperature			03: 1.5°C
				04: 2.5°C
				00: 6°C
	IDU heating mode			01: 2°C
N25	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 4°C
	compensation			03: 8°C
				04: 0°C
				00: 0°C
	IDU cooling mode			01: 1°C
N26	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 2°C
	compensation			03: 3°C
				04: -1°C
				00: 03°C
	Maximum indoor			01: 04°C
N27	temperature drop in dry	00/01/02/03/04	01	02: 05°C
	mode			03: 06°C
				04: 07°C
NO	Constant air flow	00/01	01	00: Constant speed
N30	setting	00/01	01	01: Constant air flow
				00: H≤3m;
N.24	Iliah asilisa satti	00/01/03	00	01: 3 <h≤4m;< td=""></h≤4m;<>
N31	High ceiling setting	00/01/02	00	02: 4 <h≤4.5m< td=""></h≤4.5m<>
				(H: IDU Mounting height)
Naa	Q4/Q4C air outlet 1	00/04		00 - Free control
N32	setting	00/01	00	01 - Off
N33	Q4/Q4C air outlet 2	00/01	00	00 - Free control
NOO	setting	00/01	00	01 - Off
N34	Q4/Q4C air outlet 3	00/01	00	00 - Free control
N34	setting	00/01	00	01 - Off



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter	Dougue et au Nouse	Parameter	Default	Bananka
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
N35	Q4/Q4C air outlet 4	00/01	00	00 - Free control
1455	setting	00/01	00	01 - Off
N37	One-to-more of wired	00/01	00	00: No
1437	controller enabled	00/01	00	01: Yes
				00: Remote off (closed);
	Remote On/Off port			01: Remote off (open)
N38	logic of the IDU	00/01	00	Note: When powered off remotely, the digital display of
	logic of the 150			wired controller of V8 displays d6, while that of V6 does
				not display this code
				00 - No delay
				01 - 1min delay
	Remote OFF delay			02 - 2min
N39	settings	00/01//06	00	03- 3min
	Settings			04- 4min
				05- 5min
				06- 10min
N40	Alarm port logic	gic 00/01		00: Alarm when closed
1140	Alaitii port logic	00/01	00	01: Alarm when open
N41	Powerful operation	00/01	00	00: Off
1441	rowerrui operation			01: On (Rapid cooling/Rapid heating)
N42	Sterilization function	00/01	00	00: No sterilization function (default)
1142	Stermzation function			01: Sterilization
		00/01/02	00	00: Auto on
N43	Sterilization setting			01: Forced on
				02: Forced off
N44	Silent mode setting 00/01		00	00: Off
1144	Silent mode setting	00/01	00	01: On
NAF				00: Off
N45	ECO	00/01	00	01: On
				0: 10 min
	Drying time at self-	0/1/0/10		1: 20 min
N46	cleaning	0/1/2/3	0	2: 30 min
				3: 40 min
	Mildew-proof fan			00.40-
	operation duration			00 - 40s
N47	(power off in cooling/dry	00/01/02/03	00	01 - 120s
	mode, except power off			02 - 300s
	due to faults)			03 - 600s
NAC	Dist proof for calling	00/01	00	00: Invalid
N48	Dirt proof for ceiling	00/01	00	01: Valid



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter	Parameter Name	Parameter Default		Remarks
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
N49	Condensation proof	00/01	00	00: Invalid
1149	Condensation proof	00/01	00	01: Valid
				00: Invalid
NEO	Human Datast Canasa	00/01/02		01: Used to adjust the set temperature when
N50	Human Detect Sensor	00/01/02	0 1	unattended
				02: Used to turn off the unit when unattended
				00: 15 min
	Satting tomporature			01: 30 min
N51	Setting temperature adjustment interval	00/01/02/03/04/	00	02: 45 min
NJI	when unattended	05	00	03: 60 min
	when undeclided			04: 90 min
				05: 120 min
	Setting maximum			00: 1°C
N52	temperature adjustment	00/01/02/03	03	01: 2°C
1132	when unattended	00/01/02/03		02: 3°C
				03: 4°C
	Stop delay when unattended	00/01/02/03/04/ 05	01	00: 15 min
				01: 30 min
N53				02: 45 min
				03: 60 min
				04: 90 min
				05: 120 min
N54	Midea ETA function	00/01	01	00: Off
	setting			01: On
	Energy rating of cooling			00: Level 1
N55	Midea ETA	00/01/02	00	01: Level 2
				02: Level 3
	Energy rating of heating			00: Level 1
N56	Midea ETA	00/01/02	00	01: Level 2
				02: Level 3
				00:1
				01: 1.05
	On-site air flow	00/01/02/03/04/		02: 1.1
N57	adjustment factor	05/06	00	03: 1.15
				04: 0.95
				05: 0.9
				06: 0.85
N58	Initial static pressure	00/01	00	00: Not reset
	detection			01: Reset
N59	Filter ending - initial	00/01//19	00	00-10Pa/ 01-20Pa/
1133	static pressure setting			02~19-30Pa ~200Pa



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks	
	Ambient temperature			00: 5°C	
N60	when preheating is	00/01/02	00	01: 0°C	
	turned on			02: (-5)°C	
				00: Disconnected	
N61	Fresh air dry contact 1	00/01	00	01: Connected	
				Note: Applicable to FAPU only	
				00: Disconnected	
N62	Fresh air dry contact 2	00/01	00	01: Connected	
				Note: Applicable to FAPU only	
				00: Disconnected	
N63	Fresh air dry contact 3	00/01	00	01: Connected	
				Note: Applicable to FAPU only	
	Whether to open valve			00: Open the value in heating mode;	
N64	when the fan coil unit	00/01	00	01: Do not open the value in heating mode	
	works in heating mode			Note: Applicable to fan coil unit only	
				00: 0°C	
				01: -2°C	
	Fan coil unit's anti-hot wind temperature setting in cooling mode			02: -4°C	
N65		01/02/03/04	00	03: -6°C	
				04: Invalid anti-hot wind	
				Note: Applicable to fan coil unit only	
				00: Invalid(default)	
N66	Auto Dry Function	00/01	00	01: Valid	
				Note: Only applicable to operations in Cool or Auto mode	
NC7	Auto Dry Target relative	40%/41%/42%/	CEO/		
N67	humidity	/7 65% 0%	65%		
N68	Refrigerant leakage fault	00/01	00	00: Not reset;	
1400	reset	00/01	00	01: reset	
N69	Target humidity for third-	35%/36%/37%/	65%		
1405	party dehumidifiers	/75%	0370		
N70	Target humidity for third-	35%/36%/37%/	65%		
	party humidifiers	/75%			
				Valid to V8 FAPU.	
N71	IDU control type	01/02	01	01: Supply air temperature control	
				02: Room temperature control	
	Minimum temperature	00/01/02/03/04/			
N72	settings of cooling	05/06/07	00	Valid to V8 FAPU.	
	operating range				
NIZO	Maximum temperature	00/01/02/03/04/	00	Velidae VO FARII	
N73	settings of heating	05/06/07	00	Valid to V8 FAPU.	
	operating range				



Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
N74	Anti-cold wind temperature setting of special IDUs	00/01/02/03/04	00	00/01/02/03: corresponds to different values; 04: Anti-cold wind disabled
N75	IDU operating mode setting if the IDU is shut down remotely	00/01	00	00: After the remote shutdown signal is canceled, the IDU runs in the preset mode or based on the command that is received during shutdown period. The preset mode is the mode set before the remote shutdown signal is triggered. 01: After the remote shutdown signal is canceled, the IDU is shut down.

Notes:

If use other controllers, parameter settings need refer to the corresponding manual.

4.2 Indoor unit parameter query

Taking KJR-86S/BK as an example

①Hold " = " and " ^ " for 2 seconds to enter the query interface, "u00-u03" indicates ODUs, "n00-n63" indicates IDUs (the last two digits are the ODU or IDU addresses), and "CC" indicates the wired controller . Press " and " to switch the IDU code (For example n02), then press " to enter the parameter query page.
②In the parameter query page, use " and " to query parameters, and the parameters can be queried cyclically.
③The check list serial number is displayed in upper right corner of the wire controller, while the parameter value is displayed in the middle of the wire controller.

④ Press "⑤" to exit the query page. The parameter query page automatically closes if no button is pressed within the next 60 seconds.

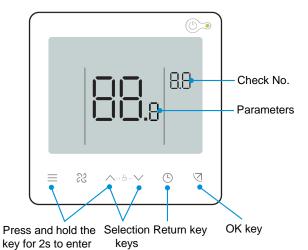


Table 4.3: Indoor unit parameters check list

Check No.	Parameters	Remarks
1	IDU and ODU communication address ¹	0 - 63
2	Capacity of indoor unit	Unit: HP
3	Actual set temperature Ts	Unit:℃
4	Set temperature of the unit that is operating currently, Ts (Remarks: The temperature displayed is the actual set temperature Ts)	Unit:℃
5	Actual T1 indoor temperature	Actual value = value displayed
6	Modified indoor temperature T1_ modify	Actual value = value displayed
7	T2 heat exchanger intermediate temperature	Actual value = value displayed
8	T2A heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed
9	T2B heat exchanger gas pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed
10	Actual set humidity RHs	Actual value = value displayed



Check No.	Parameters	Remarks
11	Actual RH indoor humidity	Actual value = value displayed
12	[———] is displayed	
13	Air discharge pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed
14	Compressor discharge temperature	Actual value = value displayed
15	Target superheat	Actual value = value displayed
16	EEV opening (actual opening/8)	Actual value/8 = value displayed
17	Software version No.	Actual value = value displayed
18	Historical error code (recent)	Actual value = value displayed
19	Historical error code (sub-recent)	Actual value = value displayed
20	Fan drive version No.	
21	[———] is displayed	

Notes

- 1. For indoor units, the communication address and network address are the same and are routinely referred to simply as the unit's "address".
- 2. If use other controllers, please refer to the corresponding manual.



4.3 Function Descriptions

4.3.1 Power failure memory function

The power failure memory function can be used to ensure that, in the event of a power outage, the indoor units, which was in operation before, automatically restart once the power returns. When the power returns following a power outage, units with Power failure memory function enabled restart with the same operating mode, fan speed and remote control lock status settings as before the power outage. If, during this timed delay, the remote or wired controller is used to send a command to a unit, that unit starts-up immediately with those new settings. Indoor units with this function disabled go into standby once the power returns following a power outage.

4.3.2 Heating mode temperature compensation setting

Since indoor units are often installed at ceiling level, and since warm air rises, the ambient temperature sensed at the unit can be higher than the ambient temperature where users are standing or sitting. To compensate for this, in heating mode the indoor units target a temperature that is higher than the set temperature. The heating mode temperature compensation setting sets the difference between the set temperature and the target temperature. For example, if the set temperature is 20°C and the heating mode compensation setting is 4°C, the units target an ambient temperature (sensed at the unit) of 24°C

Depending on a variety of factors including the height of the room and the position of the units, different values may be appropriate for the heating mode temperature compensation setting. Values of heating mode temperature compensation can be selected by controller.

4.3.3 Cooling mode temperature compensation setting

With cooling mode temperature compensation, in cooling mode the indoor units target a temperature that is lower than the set temperature. The cooling mode temperature compensation setting sets the difference between the set temperature and the target temperature. For example, if the set temperature is 26°C and the cooling mode compensation setting is 2°C, the units target an ambient temperature (sensed at the unit) of 24°C. Values of cooling mode temperature compensation can be selected by controller.



5 Display Panels

5.1 Appearance of Display Panel

The appearance of the digital display panel used is shown in Figure 5.1.

Figure 5.1: Digital display panel¹

Figure 5.1: Digital display panel ²	
Display panel for Compact Four-way Cassette and	Display panel for Arc Duct\Medium Static Pressure Duct\
Four-way Cassette	High Static Pressure Duct
(New 360 degree panel, standard panel)	(Optional)
LED display	LED display
Display panel for Wall Mounted	One-way Cassette/Two-way Cassette
LED display	LED display
Ceiling&Floor	
26.0	



5.2 Output under Normal Operating Conditions

	Unit state	Digital display		
Standby				
		Cooling and heating : set temperature		
	Normal operation	dehumidify mode: set temperature		
Operating		Fan only mode: indoor ambient		
Operating		temperature		
	Special operation ¹	Mode code		
	Error ²	Error code		

Notes:

- 1. The special operation modes refer to Table 7.2:Operating Status Codes
- 2. The error code refer to *Table 7.1:Error code*



6 Control

6.1 Temperature Compensation Control

Because of the installation position of Indoor Unit and different layout, indoor temperature detected by Indoor Unit may not consist with actual temperature. Indoor temperature could be compensated by controller (The parameter code is "N25" "N26")

6.2 EEV Control

When the IDU is powered on again or the ODU is stopped, the system automatically enters initialization mode. After initialization is completed, the system enters the normal start mode. The IDU EEV uses superheat degree control in cooling mode and uses supercool degree control in heating mode. If the IDU receives a protection control or special control command, this command is executed in priority.

Superheat Degree Control in Cooling Mode

During cooling (dry), the IDU calculates the difference between the heat exchanger gas pipe temperature (T2B) and the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) detected by the temperature sensors and write this difference as the current superheat degree (SH). By comparing the current superheat degree (SH) with the set superheat degree (SHS), the opening adjustment trend of the EEV can be decided.

$$SH = T2B-T2A$$

- ◆ When SH > SHS, the EEV opening increases
- ♦ When SH = SHS, the EEV opening unchanged
- ◆ When SH < SHS, the EEV opening decreases

Supercool Degree Control in Heating Mode

During heating, the IDU calculates the difference between the High pressure equivalent saturation temperature (Tc) and the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) detected by temperature sensors and write this difference as the current supercool degree (SC). By comparing the current supercool degree (SC) with the set supercool degree (SCS), the opening adjustment trend of the EEV can be determined.

$$SC=max (T1+6,Tc max-2) -T2A$$

- ♦ When SC > SCS, the EEV opening increases
- ◆ When SC = SCS, the EEV opening unchanged
- ◆ When SC < SCS, the EEV opening decreases

EEV Operating in other Situations

The EEV decides its operating opening based on the IDU operating mode, IDU working mode, and ODU working mode. For details, see the following table:

IDII Ctatus	Cooling N	/lode	Heating Mode				
IDU Status	ODU Operating	ODU Stopped	ODU Operating	ODU Stopped			
Operating	Superheat control		Supercool control				
Standby							
Off	A PLS	B PLS	C PLS	D PLS			
Fault							

Note:

- 1. PLS indicates the unit of pulses regarding the EEV opening.
- 2. The values of A,B,C and D are depend on IDUs' series.



6.3 Start and Stop Control

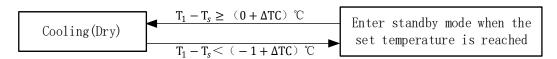
Indoor Unit judges the operation state according to the temperature compensation value (ΔTC) and the difference value between detected indoor temperature (T1) and set temperature (TS).

When the indoor temperature reaches the set one, Indoor Unit shut down; when the indoor temperature exceeds the set one, Indoor Unit start running.

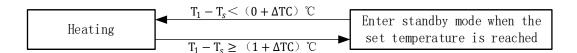
Objective

- Ensure comfort. When the indoor temperature of indoor return air reaches the temperature range set by the user, if
 the IDU fails to shut down, the room temperature will deviate from the expected value of the user and reduce the
 comfort of the room.
- 2. Energy saving. When the temperature of the return air reaches the temperature range set by the user, if the IDU fails to shut down, the air conditioning system will continue to operate inefficiently under the condition of low indoor load, with low energy efficiency and no energy saving.
- 3. The use of temperature compensation values is to solve the problem of differences in the distribution of the room temperature field. The room due to structural differences, room heat source distribution differences, solar radiation, hot air uplift, cold air sink and other factors will cause the temperature detected by the indoor unit's own return air temperature sensor(T1) and the user's human activity area temperature deviation, temperature compensation value(ΔTC) is used to repair this deviation
- 4. Ensure compressor reliability. The control will prevent frequent start/stop and the temperature compensation in the temperature shutdown control will inhibit frequent opening and closing of the air conditioning system, extending the service life of the air conditioning system;

Cooling (Dry)



Heating



Note:

The temperature compensation value (ΔTC) of cooling and heating operation can be found in the specifications of each model. For details, please contact local technical support personnel



6.4 Fan Control

6.4.1 Fan speeds control

The IDU can work in seven-speeds or three-speeds.

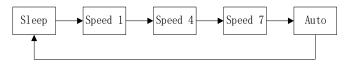
Seven-speeds

When the Indoor Unit detects seven wind speeds the wind speed is set as follows.



Three-speeds

When the Indoor Unit detects only three wind speeds the wind speed is set as follows.



For the specific IDU series, please consult the technical manual of each series. The following table describes the fan control in different situations

Fan control in different situations

	IDU Status	Cooling Mode	Dry Mode	Heating Mode	Fan Mode	Speed Switch
Operating	Operating	Set speed	Speed 1	Set speed	Set speed	
in Set	Standby	Set speed	Speed 1	Termal	/	User set
Speed	Off	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	oser set
	Fault	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	

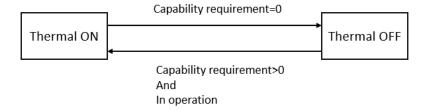
Automatic	IDU Status	Cooling Mode	Heating Mode	Auto Mode	Fan Mode	Speed Switch
	Operating	Operating Automatic Automatic Automatic		Speed 1	Switch fan speed	
		Automatic	Termal	Automatic cooling, automatic fan speed,		based on the
	Standby Automatic			automatic heating, and Termal mode	/	difference of the
Fan Speed			operating		set temperature	
	Off	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	and return air
	Fault	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	temperature

Note

Termal: In the heating mode, The IDU in the standby state heating mode will run fan periodically at speed 1 for one minute (the period can be set by controlle)

6.4.2 Auto fan control mode

- 1. When set auto fan control in cooling or heating mode. After operation in the initial speed for a period of time, when Thermal ON, IDUs enter the auto mode and the fan speed will be changed every 2 minutes or when Ts change.
- 2. When Thermal OFF, IDUs enter the standby mode. When Thermal ON, IDUs enters the initial fan speed again.
- 3. The default speed is speed 1 when IDUs are set auto fan mode in Air supply only mode.

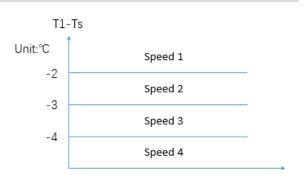




Determine the initial fan speed of auto fan control

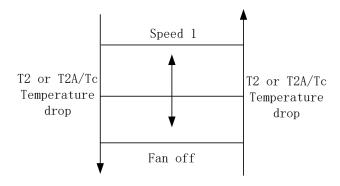
The initial fan speed is determined according to the difference between ambient indoor temperature (T1) and set temperature (TS), and it updates in the following situations:

- 1) The first time enter this mode
- 2) TS is changed
- 3) When switching between normal operation and silent operation



6.4.3 Anti-cold Air Control

This function only be used in heating mode, fan speed is changed according to value changes of the heat exchanger intermediate temperature (T2) of the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) and High pressure equivalent saturation temperature (TC). While in anti-cold air mode, set temperature (Ts) is displayed normally. Anti-cold air control is valid during the oil return or defrosting period. If the IDU is turned off, the fan is turned off as well.



Note: The switching temperature of the heat exchanger intermediate temperature (T2), the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) and the condensing temperature (TC) is determined by T_fanoff.

T fanoff is the switch temperature point between Breeze and Fan off can be adjusted by controller.

6.4.4 Standby fan speed Control

Cooling standby

The default cooling standby fan speed is Speed 1. You can change the cooling standby fan speed from speed 1 to speed 7 through the controller.

The parameter setting code is "N18".

Heating standby

The default heating standby is Termal wind speed. The speed 1 runs for 1 minute and stops for X minutes (X is the set value by the controller) which can be set from 4 minutes (default), 8 minutes, 12 minutes and 16 minutes (The parameter setting code is "N21"). And You can change the heating standby fan speed through the controller (The parameter setting code is "N20").

Termal: In the heating mode, The IDU in the standby state heating mode will run fan periodically at speed 1 for one minute (the period can be set by controller)



6.5 Swing control

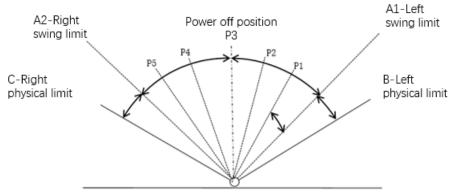
6.5.1 Horizontal swing control

Angle range of horizontal swing

Table 6.1: Angle range of horizontal swing

	heating	cooling
adjustable range	A1+A2	A1+A2
shutdown angle	A1+B/A2+C	A1+B/A2+C

Figure 6.1 Horizontal swing angle



A1:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the left)

A2:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the right)

B:Angle limit of left end structure

C:Angle limit of right end structure

Table 6.2: Angle range of Horizontal swing

		Heating	Cooling	g/Dehumidification	Ventilation
		Heating	Cooling	Anti-condensation	Ventilation
Mall manuated	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5
Wall-mounted	The default gear	Р3	Р3	P3	P3
Cailing P. Flags	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5
Ceiling&Floor	The default gear	P3	Р3	Р3	P3



6.5.2 Vertical swing control

Different IDU series have different adjustable swing angle and default swing angle under different functions.

And each operation mode has its default adjustable range of swing angle. P1-P5 values vary because of the different operation modes and IDU series.

For details, please refer to Table 6.3, Table 6.4 and Figure 6.2.

A1:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the top)
A2:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the bottom)
B:Angle limit of left end structure
C:Angle limit of right end structure

Figure 6.2 Vertical swing control

Table 6.3: Angle range of vertical swing.

		Heating		oling dification	Ventilation	Function op	peration
		Heating	Cooling	Anti- condensati on	Ventilation	Static pressure detection, Leakage alarm	Self-cleaning
Wall-mounted	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
wan-mounted	The default gear	Р3	Р3	P3	P3	P5	P5
One-way	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
cassette	The default gear	Р3	Р3	P3	P3	P5	P5
Two-way	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
cassette	The default gear	P5	P2	P2	P2	P5	P5
Ceiling&Floor	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
	The default gear	P3	Р3	P3	P3	P5	P5

C-Lower endpoint

Table 6.4: Angle range of vertical swing in Four-way Cassette/Compact Four-way cassette.

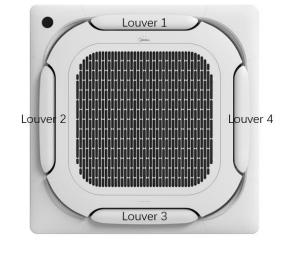
		Heating	Cooling/ventilation	Function or	peration
		heating/anti-blowing/ anti- dirty of ceiling/ High ceiling setting	cooling/ Dehumidification /ventilation/anti-condensation/anti- blowing/ anti-dirty of ceiling/ High ceiling setting	Static pressure detection, leakage	Self-cleaning
Four-way	Adjustable range	P1-P5		non-adjustable	non-adjustable
Cassette	The default gear	P5	P2	P5	P5
Compact	range		P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
Four-way Cassette	The default gear	P5	Р3	P5	P5

Midea

6.5.3 Individual louver control

Four-way Cassette and Compact Four-way Cassette have the individual louver control and the detail according to the following:

- **a)** Louver selection: After entering the louver selection operation, all air flap immediately stop at the current spot and record the current spot. If there is no parameter setting within 3s, exit the louver selection state and all air flap return to the previous spot.
- **b)** The corresponding digital tube will flash when the louver is selected. If no other operation is carried out within 1s, the current option will be confirmed.



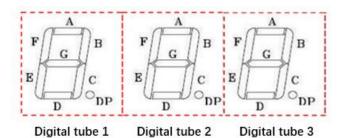


Table 6.5: Digital tube display instructions.

Louver	Digital tube 1	Digital tube 2	Digital tube 3	
Louver 1	A flash	A flash	A flash	
Louver 2	E/F flash	-	-	
Louver 3	D flash	D flash	D flash	
Louver 4	-	-	B/C flash	
Louver	A /D /E /E flach	A/D flash	A/B/C/D flach	
1+2+3+4	A/D/E/F flash	A/D lidSil	A/B/C/D flash	

Note: If there are more than 2 louvers are set to close, only the first and second will close.

6.5.4 Anti-condensation control

In order to prevent the problem of hanging water and blowing water caused by excessive temperature difference. When the risk of condensation is detected, the Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette adjusts the louver to the default minimum angle and limits the angle adjustment range; Other IDUs will adjust the louver to the default condensation angle and lock angle.

6.5.5 Ceiling anti-dirty control

In order to prevent flow of Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette towards ceiling, you could open the function of control of ceiling anti-dirty, which will limit the angle that the louver allows to be set so that the airflow avoids the ceiling.

6.6 Operation mode control



Outdoor Unit is Heat Pump

- ①When the mode is set by ODU to VIP priority, Voting priority, Capability requirements priority, Cooling priority, heating priority, the Indoor Unit can be set to cooling, heating, dehumidification, ventilation modes. When the IDU set mode different from the mode of ODU, the indoor unit will enters the standby mode, and the "No permission" displays in the upper left corner of the controller.
- ②When the mode is set by ODU to **changeover**, VIP IDU can be set to cooling, heating, dehumidification, ventilation modes, while non-VIP IDUS can only follow the operation mode of VIP's.

Outdoor Unit is Heat Recovery

- ①When the ODU is Heat recovery, VIP IDUs and others can have different modes such as automatic, cooling, heating, dehumidification and ventilation mode.
- ②Auto mode is only available to Heat Recovery ODU. In auto mode, user should set the Tsc(cooling setting temperature) and Tsh(heating setting temperature), which should meet the following conditions Tsc≥Tsh. The setting steps are as follows.
- <1>when enter the auto mode, the mode icon Auto and Cool (or Auto and Heat) will flash at the same time <2> Press "^" and "V" to switch mode (Cool or Heat) and press" U " to enter temperature setting interface (In Cool is Tsc, and Tsh in Heat). Then press "^" and "V" to change value and press "U" to save changes.
- <3>In auto mode, Icons Auto and Cool light up during cooling operation, when Icons Auto and Heat light up during heating operation.
- <4>The heating mode and cooling mode are switched according to the following 3 conditions.
- I The setting temperature Tsc=Tsh
- When the return air temperature T1>Tsc+2°C, the IDU will run the cooling mode.
- When the return air temperature T1<Tsh-2°C, the IDU will run the heating mode.

II The setting temperature Tsc>Tsh, and Tsc-Tsh<3℃

When the return air temperature T1>Tsc+1.5°C, the IDU will run the cooling mode.

When the return air temperature $T1 < Tsh-1.5^{\circ}C$, the IDU will run the heating mode.

IIIThe setting temperature Tsc>Tsh, and Tsc-Tsh≥3°C

When the return air temperature T1>Tsc, the IDU will run the cooling mode.

When the return air temperature T1<Tsh, the IDU will run the heating mode.

Set Temperature Display

- 1) When switching between cooling, heating or auto modes, if temperature Ts is not reset, the temperature after switching is the same as the temperature before switching.
- 2) In auto mode, switching between cooling and heating mode takes some time. The time can be set through the controller.

6.7 Human Detect control



The Human detect sensor is optional.

The operation mode of human detect control can be set by controller (N50).

- 1) When set the mode "Used to adjust the set temperature when unattended" and enter the unattended state¹, the following logic is executed
- ① When the cooling/automatic cooling mode operates, the correction value² of the set temperature Ts is + 1 every A³ minute.
- 2) During heating/automatic heating mode operation, the correction value of the set temperature Ts is 1 every A minute;
- 3 Fan speed 1
- 4 The fan louver maintains the previous angle.
- (5) Resume normal control when someone is detected
- 2) When set the mode "Used to turn off the unit when unattended " and enter the unattended state¹, the following logic is executed
- 1 Turn off the unit
- Resume normal control when someone is detected

Note:

- 1. The unattended state will only be entered after the unattended state is detected for X minutes. X can be set by the controller (N53)
- 2. The value of maximum temperature adjustment can be set by controller (N52)
- 3. The value of A can be set by controller (N51)



- 1) When the IDU is powered on the first time, the water pump is forced to operate for 5 minutes.
- 2) When the IDU and ODU are in cooling, dehumidification and self-cleaning mode, the water pump starts immediately and operates continuously. After this mode is stopped (stop or mode switch), the water pump turns off five minutes later.
- 3) If the water level rises, causing the water level switch to be disconnected, the condensate water pump immediately starts and operates. Five minutes later, if the water level drops to lower than the alarm level, the system restores operation based on the originally set mode. Otherwise, the IDU and water pump stop operating, and a water level alarm is reported. When the water level switch is connected again, the protection is released, and the system restores operation based on the mode that was originally set.

Note:

This function is reserved for the unit models without drainage pumps and water level switches and it is disabled by default.

6.9 Anti-freeze Control

The IDU will close Electronic expansion valve, and the wind shift into speed 1.

Condition:

- A) Entry conditions: Coil temperature \leq A continuous T1 or coil temperature \leq B continuous T2, and in any mode of forced cooling, cooling, dehumidification, self-cleaning(Except for the second stage);
- B) Exit condition: coil temperature \ge C continuous T3, and not in any mode of forced cooling, cooling, dehumidification, or at the second stage of self-cleaning mode;

6.10 Alarm control

Both IDU'S main control board and 1# Expansion board (Optional) have ALARM port, and can be used simultaneously.

Setting positive or negative logic

1Port on IDU'S main control board

The positive and negative logic of the IDU main control board is set by the wired controller or central controller. (N40)

2Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)

The positive and negative logic of the 1# expansion board is set by the S2-1/S2-2/S2-3 DIP switch on the 1# expansion board.

Remote on/off port setting status and its corresponding function

Outdoor unit Set	Port status	Functional interpretation
Set to Positive logic (Default)	The port is connected	outputs alarm signals
Set to negative logic	The port is disconnected	outputs alarm signals

6.11 High ceiling setting



For embedded IDU series, such as Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette, when the installation exceeds the specified height (default 3 meters), can enter the High ceiling setting (The parameter code is "N31") to change . 3 meters high height, 4 meters high height or 4.5 meters high height can be set. When the high ceiling control is entered, the fan speed limits the minimum speed 3 operation.

*Note: Refer to the IDU manual for detail

6.12 Remote on/off control

Both IDU'S main control board and 1# Expansion board (Optional) have remote on/off control port

Remote on/off control port selection

1)Port on IDU'S main control board

Port CN55 connects the passive switch signal

Note:

The port on the main board will be disabled when the port on the expansion board is enabled

2Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)

Port CN7 connects the 220V switch signal. For detail refer to Expansion board manual

Setting positive or negative logic

①Port on IDU'S main control board

The positive and negative logic of the IDU main control board is set by the wired controller or central controller. (N38)

2Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)

The positive and negative logic of the 1# expansion board is set by the S4-1 DIP switch on the 1# expansion board.

Remote on/off port setting status and its corresponding function

Outdoor unit	Port status	Corresponding function	Functional interpretation
Set to	The port is	Remote delay OFF control	Shut down after the delay time, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
Positive logic (Default)	connected, Input Low level	Remote OFF control	Direct shutdown without delay, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
Set to	The port is	Remote delay OFF control	Shut down after the delay time, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
negative logic	disconnected, Input High level	Remote OFF control	Direct shutdown without delay, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.

The remote OFF delay time can be set through the wired controller (N39), the default value is 0



6.13 Dry mode control

There is a difference between the control with humidity sensor and the control without humidity sensor, when the humidity sensor is damaged, the indoor unit automatically switches to the state without humidity sensor.

Without humidity sensor

Related settings: ①The temperature of dry mode;②Maximum indoor temperature drop in dry mode (N27);③Standby fan speed in dry mode(N19)

Enter Standby: When Ts-T1> \triangle T, the IDU will Enter Dry standby mode.

Fan speed (operation): Automatic adjustment, cannot be set.

Fan speed (Standby): Can be set by controller (N19)

With humidity sensor(customized)

Related settings: ①The temperature and humidity of dry mode;②Maximum indoor temperature drop in dry mode;③ Standby fan speed in dry mode

Enter Standby: When Ts-T1> Δ T or actual humidity is lower than the set humidity 5%, the IDU will Enter Dry standby mode.

Fan speed (operation): Automatic adjustment, cannot be set

Fan speed (Standby): Can be set by controller (N19)

Note:

1. Ts: Dehumidification setting temperature

2. T1: IDU air return temperature

3. \triangle T: Maximum indoor temperature drop, can be set(N27)

Auto dry function

Prerequisites for function: ①Only IDU with humidity sensor (customized) can use this function.

②Need to enter the IDU parameter setting menu to enable this function (N66).

Entry method: Cooling or Auto mode.

Operation Logic: Priority cooling, when the room temperature reaches the set temperature, automatically switch to dry mode, to approximate the purpose of dual control of temperature and humidity.

Note:

1. For Auto Dry Target relative humidity, the Default value is 65% and can be set (N67).

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7 Errors and operation code

7.1 Error Code Table

Table 7.1: Error code

A11 A51	Content Emergency stop R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately Outdoor unit fault Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault(in-series application) The Humidity Unit fault	C52 C61 C71 C72	Abnormal communication between the IDU and Wi-Fi Kit Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display board Abnormal communication between the AHU Kit slave unit and master unit
A01 A11 A51 A71	R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately Outdoor unit fault Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault(in-series application)	C52 C61 C71	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display board Abnormal communication between the AHU Kit slave unit
A11 A51	R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately Outdoor unit fault Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault(in-series application)	C61 C71	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display board Abnormal communication between the AHU Kit slave unit
A51	Outdoor unit fault Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault(in-series application)	C71	board and display board Abnormal communication between the AHU Kit slave unit
A71	Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault(in-series application)		
A71	fault(in-series application)	C72	
			Number of AHU Kits is not the same as the set number
	,	C73	Abnormal communication between the linked humidifying IDU and master IDU
A73	Interlocking control Heat Recovery Ventilation Unit fault (non-serial application)	C74	Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (series setting)
A74	The AHU Kit slave unit fault	C75	Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (non-series setting)
A81	Self-check fault	C76	Abnormal communication between the main wired controller and secondary wired controller
A82	MS (refrigerant flow direction switching device) fault	C77	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and 1# Expansion board
A91	Mode conflict	C78	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and 2# Expansion board
b11	1# EEV coil fault	C79	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and Switch module
b12	1# EEV body fault	C81	The indoor unit is in a power-off state
b13	2# EEV coil fault	d16	Air inlet temperature of the IDU is too low in heating mode
b14	2# EEV body fault	d17	Air inlet temperature of the IDU is too high in cooling mode
		<mark>d50</mark>	AHU kit fan running status input signal exception
b34	Protection on 1# water pump	d81	Alarm for exceeding temperature and humidity range
b35	Protection on 2# water pump	dE1	Sensor control board fault
b36	Water level switch alarm	dE2	PM2.5 sensor fault
b71	Reheating electric heater fault	dE3	CO2 sensor fault
b72	Preprocessing electric heater fault	dE4	Formaldehyde sensor fault
b81	Humidifier fault	dE5	Human Detect sensor fault
C11	Duplicate IDU address code	E21	T0 (fresh inlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off
C21	Abnormal communication between the IDU and ODU	E22	The upper dry bulb temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off
C41	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and fan drive board	E23	The lower dry bulb temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off
C51	Abnormal communication between the IDU and wired controller	E24	T1 (IDU return air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off



Table 7.1: Error code(continues)

Error	Contact.	Error	Control
code	Content	code	Content
E31	wired controller temperature sensor failure	U01	Locked (electronic lock)
E32	The wireless temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off	U11	Unit model code not set
E33	The external room temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off	U12	Capacity(HP) code not set
E61	Tcp (pre-cooled fresh air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U14	The capacity value of the AHU Kit DIP switch does not match the model
E62	Tph (pre-heated fresh air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U15	The DIP value of AHU Kit's fan speed output voltage is incorrect
E81	TA (outlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U26	Mismatch between indoor unit model and outdoor unit model
EA1	Outlet air humidity sensor fault	U38	Address code not detected
EA2	Return air humidity sensor fault	J01	Motor failed more than once
EA3	Upper wet bulb sensor fault	J1E	IPM (fan module) overcurrent protection
EA4	Lower wet bulb sensor fault	J11	Instantaneous overcurrent protection for phase current
EC1	R32 refrigerant leakage sensor fault	J3E	Low bus voltage fault
F01	T2A (heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J31	High bus voltage fault
F11	T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J43	Phase current sample bias error
F12	T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) over temperature protection	J45	Motor and IDU are unmatched
F21	T2B (heat exchanger gas pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J47	IPM and IDU are unmatched
P71	Main control board EEPROM fault	J5E	Motor startup failure
P72	IDU display control board EEPROM fault	J52	Motor blocking protection
P31/P34	Fan drive board AC side overcurrent protection	J55	Speed control mode setting error
P52	The voltage of the power supply is too low	J6E	Phase lack protection of motor

7.2 Operating Status Codes

Table 7.2:Operating Status Codes

Code	Content	Code	Content
d0	Oil return or preheating operation	d61	Remote shutdown
dC	Self-cleaning	d71	IDU backup operation
dd	Mode conflict	d72	ODU backup operation
dF	Defrosting	ОТА	Main control program upgrading
d51	Initial static pressure detection	dH	Hot water mode(Specific series)



8 Troubleshooting

Warning



- All electrical work must be carried out by competent and suitably qualified, certified and accredited professionals and in accordance with all applicable legislation (all national, local and other laws, standards, codes, rules, regulations and other legislation that apply in a given situation).
- Power-off the unit before connecting or disconnecting any connections or wiring, otherwise electric shock (which
 can cause physical injury or death) may occur or damage to components may occur.



8.1.1 A01 – Emergency shutdown

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: stop rur unit displays "A0" code) ODU of the same system: stop running, displaying code "A0"			
Error trigger	When the IDU receives an emergency shutdown signal from	n the ODU		
Error recovery	After troubleshooting, power on again			
Possible cause	 An emergency shutdown signal is received. The IDU main control board is damaged. 			
Troubleshooting	Find out the cause of the emergency shutdown and solve it before clearing the emergency shutdown signal Check whether the fault is cleared Yes Fault cleared Note: 1.Emergency shutdown is usually caused by the outdoor un sent by the central controller or external reasons. For detailed corresponding outdoor unit troubleshooting manual.			



8.1.2 A11 - R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately

	Digital display	Display position			
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller			
Error impact	 Faulty IDU: The fan operates at the highest speed, the EEV is closed (Note: Fault persists after power on again), and buzzer of the display control board of the faulty IDU and buzzer of wired controller connected to the faulty IDU keep beeping. Other IDUs of the same system: Refrigerant is recycled to ODU. After recycling is completed, other IDUs stop running, displaying code "A51" - ODU fault ODU of the same system: It stops running after recycling is completed, displaying code "A11" - IDU refrigerant leaks. 				
Error trigger	When the IDU main control board receives a refrigerant leakage signal from R32 refrigerant detection device (See Figure 1 below) or the abnormal communication among the IDU main control board, the adapter board and the control board of the R32 refrigerant detection device causes the fault to trigger by mistake.				
Error recovery	Has not detected the refrigerant leak signal and rectification	has received the signal of refrigerant fault			
Possible cause	 R32 refrigerant of IDUs leaks. R32 refrigerant sensor is damaged or contaminated with external foreign matter (e.g. steam, oil) Abnormal communication among IDU main control board, adapter board and R32 refrigerant detection device control board IDU main control board or adapter board or R32 refrigerant detection device control board damaged 				
Troubleshooting	A11 Are Yes there any R32 refrigerant leaks in the pipes? No Replace the main control board of the IDU.Is the fault cleared? No R32 refrigerant sensor has been damaged or contaminated by external foreign matter Yes Contact the technical support personnel of your dealer	Follow the instructions of Note (1) Fault cleared Replace R32 refrigerant sensor			

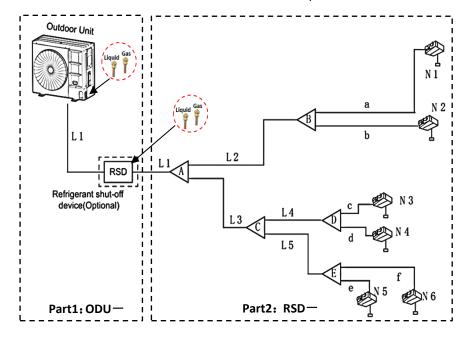


Note 1: Adapter board ENC1 dip switch setting When the function of determining refrigerant leakage fault is effective, if the communication abnormality between indoor unit main control board, adapter board and R32 refrigerant detection device control board lasts for more than 2 minutes (see "C79" fault handling in this manual for the communication abnormality handling method between indoor unit main control board and adapter board, and see R32 refrigerant detection device control board operation and installation manual for the communication abnormality handling method between adapter board and R32 refrigerant detection device control board), "A11" fault will be triggered by mistake.

Note 2:

Step 1: Refrigerant leakage inspection method and refrigerant leakage treatment

- (1) Check whether there is refrigerant leakage in the field pipeline. Inspection method: if the system is connected with the refrigerant block device, use the refrigerant pressure gauge to connect the liquid test or gas test maintenance needle valve of the refrigerant block device; if the system is not connected with the refrigerant block device, use the refrigerant pressure gauge to connect the liquid test or gas test maintenance needle valve of the outdoor unit. Measure the refrigerant saturation gauge pressure in the field pipeline. If the measured liquid side or gas side refrigerant saturation pressure is less than the standard saturation pressure (see the table of R32 refrigerant ambient temperature and standard saturation gauge pressure in the attached table of this manual), it is determined that there is refrigerant leakage. Follow these steps to handle refrigerant leaks:
- As shown in the figure below, use the refrigerant recovery device to recover the refrigerant in Part 1 and Part 2 respectively. Note: 1) The recovery device must be connected to the liquid/gas side needle valve at the same time to ensure that the residual refrigerant in the liquid pipe and the air pipe is recovered completely; 2) For the recovery of Part 1, it is necessary to enter the outdoor unit engineering menu and select the vacuumizing mode to ensure that all valve bodies of the outdoor unit are in the open state.



- Locate and repair pipeline leaks.
- After the repair is completed, the system is tested for gas tightness, refer to the Owner's and installation manual for details. If the gas tightness test is passed, go to the next step, otherwise repeat the step above until the gas tightness test is passed
- Replace the R32 sensor model of the faulty IDU.



- Recharge refrigerant according to the ODU Installation Manual.
- (2) If the measured refrigerant saturation pressure on the liquid side or gas side is equal to the standard saturation pressure (see Table of Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32 attached to this manual), confirm whether there is a refrigerant leak by using refrigerant testing instruments. If it is determined that there is a refrigerant leak, please operate the refrigerant leak handling procedure above.

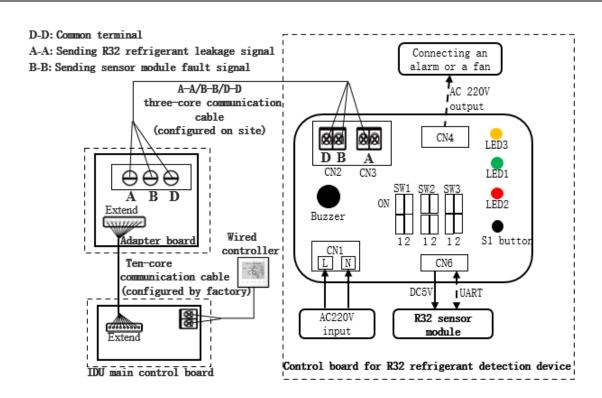
Step 2: Reset the R32 refrigerant detection device.

Refer to Figure 1 below. After the refrigerant leakage alarm, the red LED (LED 2) in the R32 refrigerant detection device lights up once every 1s, and the buzzer sounds once every 1s. After maintenance, press and hold the S1 key on the control panel for 10s to reset. After resetting, all LEDs are on for 2S and then go out, and the buzzer stops ringing. The R32 sensor life timing recorded by EERPOM on the control panel is cleared.

Step 3: Wired controller reset operation.

When the wired controller receives the refrigerant leakage fault command transmitted by the indoor unit, the interface will display the "A11" code, and the buzzer will sound once every 1s. After the above step 1/2 is completed and the R32 refrigerant leakage alarm signal is OFF, enter the wired controller engineering parameter setting menu to select the parameter: refrigerant leakage fault reset. After the reset is completed, the interface will no longer display the "A11" code, and the buzzer stops ringing. Note: If the R32 refrigerant leakage alarm signal = ON, the reset operation is invalid!

Figure 1 Schematic diagram of the R32 refrigerant leakage detection system



Note: The A/B/D wet printed numbers on the adapter board and the R32 refrigerant detection device control board are only used for the connection of the communication line. Please refer to the corresponding requirements in the installation instructions of the adapter board and the R32 refrigerant detection device control board when connecting the communication line on site.



	Digital display	Display position
	Digital display	Biopidy position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system:	: The fan continues running, the EEV is closed,
	and code "A51" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displayed	ays the code "Ed")
Error impact	ODU of the same system:	
Lifor impact	■ stops.	
	■ The displayed code depends on the error ty	pe of the ODU. For the meaning of the code,
	please refer to the error table specific to the m	nodel of the ODU.
Error trigger	Duration of ODU error ≥ 10 minutes	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ The ODU error is transmitted to the IDU.	
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.	
Troubleshooting	Troubleshoot ODU according to ODU Maintenance Guide Check whether the fault is cleared Yes Fault cleared	Replace the main control board of the IDU



8.1.4 A71 - The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (series setting)

Note:

- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The air supply side of the linked FAPU is directly connected to the air return side of the master IDU through an air duct. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a series connection.

	Digital display	Display position (master IDU)
Error display		Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The master IDU and the linked FAPU: stop. Other	IDUs of the same system: operate normally.
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the n	naster IDU
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	The FAPU is faulty.The master IDU's main control board is damaged.	
Troubleshooting	Obtain the linked error code (1) of the FAPU, and refer to the corresponding error handling method in the maintenance manual of the FAPU for troubleshooting. Error in FAPU After troubleshooting, is the master IDU error code cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note: 1. The error code can be queried after the FAPU is display box.	Replace the the main control board of the master IDU



8.1.5 A72 - The error of the linked humidifying IDU is transmitted to the master IDU

	Digital display	Display position	(master IDU)
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller
Lifor display	┡┩╌╏╾	Spot check interface	Error code is not
		query	displayed
	Master IDU: operates normally. Humidifying IDI	Js: stop. Other IDUs of the	same system: operate
Error impact	normally.		
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	The error of the linked humidifying IDU is transmitted to the master IDU		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	■ The humidifying IDU is faulty.		
1 0001510 00000	■ The master IDU's main control board is da	maged.	
Troubleshooting	Obtain the linked error code (1) of the humidifying IDU, and refer to the corresponding error handling method in the maintenance manual of the humidifying IDU for troubleshooting Error in humidifying IDU After troubleshooting, is the master IDU error code cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note: 1. The error code can be queried after the humin the display box.	Replace the the mass board of the mass	ster IDU



8.1.6 A73 - The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (non-series connection)

Note:

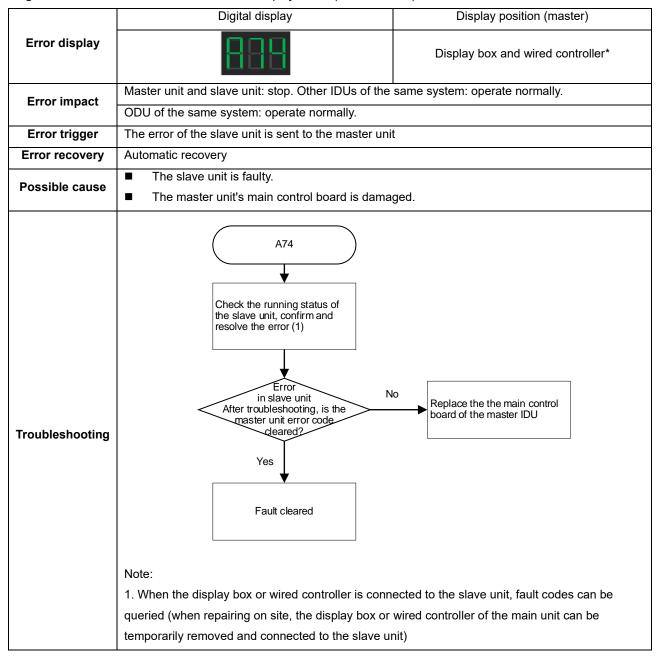
- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The linked FAPU and the master IDU are connected to the air supply duct and air return duct respectively and separately. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a non-series connection.

	Digital display	Display position	n (master IDU)
Error display			Wired controller
Lifoi dispiay			Error code is not
		query	displayed
Error impact	Master IDU: operates normally. FAPU: stops. O	ther IDUs of the same syst	em: operate normally.
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU		
Error recovery	•	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ The FAPU is faulty.		
	■ The master IDU's main control board is da	maged.	
Troubleshooting	Obtain the linked error code (1) of the FAPU, and refer to the corresponding error handling method in the maintenance manual of the FAPU for troubleshooting. Error in FAPU After troubleshooting, is the master IDU error code cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note: 1. The error code can be queried after the FAPU display box.	Replace the the ma board of the mast	ter IDU



8.1.7 A74 - The error of the AHU Kit slave unit is sent to the master unit

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master unit. When the slave fails, the slave unit sends a fault signal to the master unit, and the master unit displays 'A74' (the slave fault).





8.1.8 A81 - Self-check fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	 Faulty IDU: stops. Other IDUs of the same system: ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU will stop operating, while other IDUs remain in operation. ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU display the code "A81" (V6 platform IDU displays the code "U4"). Meaning of the code: MS self-check fault); IDUs that are connected to other MSs work properly. ODU of the same system: ■ stops. ■ V8 platform ODU displays the code "A81", and V6 platform ODU displays the code "U4". Meaning of the code: MS self-check fault) 	
Error trigger	The MS self-check fault lasts for at least 10 min	
Error recovery	The fault is cleared if one of the following conditions is met: Automatic recovery 30 min after the MS fault is cleared Power on again	
Possible cause	■ A fault may occur during the MS self-check pro	ocess.
Troubleshooting	Open the MS electric control box connected to the IDU and check the error code displayed on the digital display of MS electric control box Follow the instructions of the MS Maintenance Guide	



8.1.9 A82 - MS (refrigerant flow direction switching device) fault

	Digital display	Display position	
Faulty IDU	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system: ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs remain in operation. ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU: V8 platform IDU displays the code "A82".		
Error impact	and V6 platform IDU displays the code "F8". Meaning of the code: MS fault. IDUs that are connected to other MSs work properly.		
	ODU of the same system: ■ Shutdown ■ V8 platform ODU displays the code "A82" (V6 platform Code the code: MS fault)	DDU displays the code "F8". Meaning	
Error trigger	When the IDU receives a fault signal from MS		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery (Note: Duration from fault triggering to automatic recovery is at least 30 min)		
Possible cause	The MS is faulty.		
Troubleshooting	Open the MS electric control box connected to the IDU and check the error code displayed on the digital display of MS electric control box Follow the instructions of the MS Maintenance Guide		



8.1.10 A91 - Mode conflict (V6 communication protocol adopted)

Available when using V6 platform wired controller.

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display		Panel, display box, and wired controller	
		(Note: Error codes are displayed 2 minutes	
		after faults are triggered)	
	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system:		
Error impact	operate normally.		
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
	■ The ODU is running in heating mode, a	nd the IDU is running in cooling mode or	
	dehumidification mode.		
Error trigger	■ The ODU is running in heating mode, and the	ne IDU is running in fan mode (note: the wired	
Enor anggor	controller can be used to set whether the hea	ting mode conflicts with the fan mode).	
	■ The ODU is running in cooling mode, and the	IDU is running in heating mode.	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
	■ The operation mode of IDU conflicts with that	of the ODU.	
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.		
Troubleshooting	·		



8.1.11 b11, b13 - Error in 1# electronic expansion valve coil, error in 2# electronic expansion valve coil

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	883 888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: o	perate normally.
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	The IDU main control board cannot detect the feedback signal from the electronic expansion valve coil for no less than 4 seconds.	
Error recovery	After the unit is powered on again, the main control program detects a feedback signal from the electronic expansion valve.	
Possible cause	 The electronic expansion valve coil plugged into the is loose. The IDU main control board is damaged. The electronic expansion valve coil is faulty. The electronic expansion valve coil is short circuited. 	
Troubleshooting	Sthe electronic expansion valve coil plugged into the EXV port in the IDU main control board loose? No Check the electronic expansion valve Is the coil abnormal (2)? No Check the electronic expansion valve Is the coil adapter short circuited or disconnected (3)? No Replace the main control board of the IDU	Reconnect the plug tightly Replace the electronic expansion valve coil Replace the adapter



Note

- 1. The error code corresponds to the following two situations:
- a. If there is only one electronic expansion valve port on the main control board of the IDU, when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to the EEV port, the error code is b05.
- b. If there are two electronic expansion valve ports on the main control board of the IDU named EEV1 and EEV2, when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to port EEV1, the error code is b05; when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to port EEV2, the error code is b07.
- 2. In Figure 1 below: The numbers 1 to 5 stand for the pins of different colours paired with individual wires which have the same colour as the pin. 5(com) is a pin of the common terminal, and number 6 is a null pin without any wire connected; an XHP coil plug is used to connect to the EEV port of the main control board, and an APM coil plug is used to connect to the A-direction plug of the adapter wire (see Figure 2 below). Table 1 shows the resistance between pin 1-4 and pin 5 (the common terminal) when the electronic expansion valve coil is in a normal state. If the resistance is near zero or significantly deviates from its normal state, the coil is damaged.

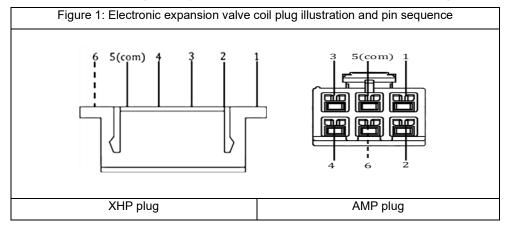
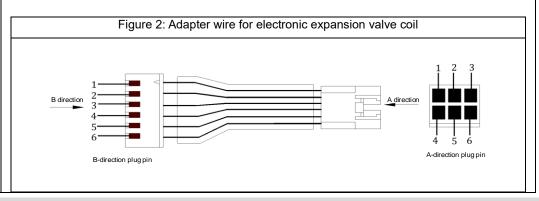


Table 1: Resistance between pins with an electronic expansion valve coil in normal condition	
110111101	
Pin measured	Resistance in normal status
1-5	40-50Ω
2-5	40-50Ω
3-5	40-50Ω
4-5	40-50Ω

3. When the distance between the throttle part and the main control board of the IDU in need of connection is too great, you will need an adapter wire for the electronic expansion valve coil. This is shown in Figure 2 below: Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between the pin in the plug at end A of each wire and at end B. A resistance value close to 0 indicates a short circuit has occurred in the wire, and a resistance value close to infinity indicates an open circuit of the wire.





8.1.12 b12, b14 - Error in 1# electronic expansion valve body, error in 2# electronic expansion valve body

	Digital display	Display positi	on
Error dioplay		Panel or display box Wired control Spot check interface query displayed	
Error display			
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same syste	em: operate normally.	
Lifoi iiipact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
	■ Return air temperature(T1) - Heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) > Set value		
Error trigger	■ IDU EEV=0, ODU running in cooling mode	and compressor speed ≠0	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
	■ The electronic expansion valve needle is st	tuck or clogged.	
Possible cause The electronic expansion valve coil is damaged and unable to drive the		aged and unable to drive the va	lve body.
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.		
Troubleshooting	Replace the coil and fix it to the valve body again. Is the fault cleared? No Replace the will and re-energize. Is the error cleared? No Replace the electronic expansion valve body (the interior of the body is clogged or the valve needle is stuck) Note: 1. The error code corresponds to the following to the following to the valve needle is stuck) Note: 1. The error code is b12. 2) If there are two electronic expansion valve poets an internal leakage error occurs in the electronic port, the error code is b12. 2) If there are two electronic expansion valve poets and EEV2, when there is a leak inside the port EEV1, the error code is b12; when there is a connected to port EEV2, the error code is b14.	e port on the main control board c expansion valve body connectors rts on the main control board of e electronic expansion valve boo	coil ody) IDU sonic y of the IDU, when ed to the EEV the IDU named by connected to



8.1.13 b34, b35 - Stall protection for 1# water pump, stall protection on 2# water pump

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	The main control board of the IDU detects the pump	o rotation speed ≤ 100 rpm for 10 seconds	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	 The water pump suction impeller is clogged. The water pump plug to the PUMP port in the The pump body is damaged (due to motor dar The IDU main control board is damaged. 		
	Cause 1: Wat suction impeller	· · ·	
	Cause 2: The w plug to the PUMI IDU main control loose	P port in the ol board is Reconnect the loose plug	
	b34/b35 (1) Cause 3: DC vol between Pin 2 a the PUMP port is control board is 11V (2)	nd Pin 3 of in the main control board of the seless than	
Troubleshooting	DC-PUMP CN190 Cause 4: If the ebe cleared after chave been eliming be determined the body is dar	causes 1/2/3 nated, it can at the pump Replace the water pump	
	Note: 1. The error code corresponds to the following two sections: 1) If there is only one PUMP port on the main control in the water pump connected to the PUMP port, the 2) If there are two PUMP ports on the main control when a stall error occurs in the water pump connect when a stall error occurs in the water pump connect when a stall error occurs in the water pump connect 2. Figure 1 above shows the pins of the PUMP port can be measured with a multimeter in DC voltage greater pump cannot be driven.	board of the IDU, when a stall error occurs error code is b34. board of the IDU named PUMP1 and PUMP2, ted to PUMP1 port, the error code is b34; ted to PUMP2 port, the error code is b35. The output voltage between pin 2 and pin 3	



8.1.14 b36 - Water level switch alarm error

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. ODU of the same system: operate normally. The water level switch alarm is triggered when the floater of the water level switch rises to the warning water.		
Error trigger	level and lasts for 5 min.		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	 The drain pump/water level switch is damaged. Water level switch float is stuck by a foreign object The water level switch plug or short-circuit plug to loose. Non-standard installation results in abnormal drains drain pipe causes the condensate water to flow be allowable value. The IDU main control board is damaged. 	o the WATER port of the IDU main control boar age: The drain pipe is blocked; the improperly slo	
	Suction of block Cause 2: T switch plug plug to the the IDU main	Remove dirt and clean the drainage pan and drain pipe The water level or short-circuit WATER port of a control board is ose (1) Remove dirt and clean the drainage pan and drain pipe Reconnect the loose plug	
		Replace the water level damaged (2)	
Troubleshooting		Move the floater to remove impurities and reset the floater switch	
	does not dis discharge flo	The pump outlet scharge water or ow is very small (3) Take measures according to Note (3)	
	installati	Non-standard ton results in I drainage (4) Take measures according to Note (4)	
	circuit plug port of the board. If the	onnect the short- to the WATER e main control e error persists, it ermined that the	



Note:

- 1. The plug attached to the WATER port of the main control board corresponds to the following two cases:
- a. The factory default of IDUs without a water level switch uses a short-circuit plug to seal the WATER port.
- b. IDUs with a water level switch use a water level switch plug to seal the WATER port.
- 2. Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between the pins corresponding to the two wires of the water level switch plug. 1) After the floater of the water level switch is moved upwards to the highest position, the water level switch is in a short-circuited state, and the resistance value is infinite. 2) After the floater of the water level switch is moved downwards to the lowest position, the water level switch is closed, and the resistance value is less than 1 Ω . If the detected resistance value does not meet the above values, the water level switch is damaged.
- 3. Possible causes and solutions for the situation where the pump outlet does not discharge water or the discharge flow is very small: 1) The water pump plug to the PUMP port in the IDU main control board is loose. Reconnect it firmly. 2) The drain pump suction impeller is clogged. Remove the debris causing the clog to make the pump continue running. 3) If the error cannot be cleared after implementing solutions for causes 1) and 2), the drain pump body is damaged. Replace the drain pump.
- 4. Possible causes and solutions for abnormal drainage due to non-standard installation: 1) If the drain pipe is blocked, remove the debris and clean the drainage pan and the drain pipe of the IDU. 2) If the drain pipe is improperly installed, which causes the condensate water to flow backward, tilt the IDU to the drainage side by a certain gradient (inclination ≥ 1%). The centralized drain pipe must be lower than the drainage outlet of the unit. Air outlets must be placed at the highest horizontal pipeline (see Installation and Operation Manual of IDUs). 3) If the lift of the drain pipe exceeds the allowable value, reduce the vertical height of the drain pipe or replace the drain pump with the one which has a higher lift.



Midea 8.1.15 C11 - Duplicate IDU address code

	Digital display	Display	position	
		Wired controller		
Error display				
		code are displayed	Error code and address	
		alternately (2)	code flash simultaneously	
	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the El	• • •	the same system: The fan	
	continues running, the EEV is closed, and error cod		-	
	"Ed"). Meaning of the code: ODU fault	io no lo alopiayou (vo pia		
Error impact	ODU of the same system:			
Lifoi iiiipact	Stop.			
	Stop.Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform ODU	I displays the code "H7"\ Med	ening of the code: IDLL atv	
	decrease fault	o displays the code 117). Mea	aning of the code. IDO qty	
Error triager				
Error trigger	Repeated address codes for IDU			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
Possible cause	■ Duplicate IDU address code (▲)			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
Troubleshooting	C11 Locate the IDU that reports repeated addresses. Is the address repeated? No Replace the main control board of the IDU (the communication circuit of the main control board is damaged)	Yes Reset the address	s (1)	
	(A): The common reasons for address code duplicat 1. After replacing the main control board, the address		ldress dunlication. The	
	1. After replacing the main control board, the address was not reset, resulting in address duplication. The address can be manually set using the controller or the indoor unit address can be cleared at the outdoor unit			
	and then automatically addressed again.			
	2. In systems where the nominal capacity of an indoor unit is greater than or equal to 20KW, the indoor unit			
	usually occupies more than two addresses (one real address + several virtual addresses, see Note 1 below),			
	which may cause the addresses of other indoor units in the system to duplicate with the virtual addresses of			
	the large indoor unit. In this case, the indoor unit address can be cleared at the outdoor unit and then			
	automatically addressed again, or the controller can be	be used to manually set the a	ddress to avoid duplicate	
codes when the duplicate address code is known.				



Note:

1. The following table shows the number of addresses and address codes for any indoor unit (AHU kit/direct expansion unit not applicable) with different capacities (HP)

					Address code to be
Nominal capacity (kW)	capacity (HP)	Number of IDUs (N)	Number of addresses (N)	Address code	queried at the centralized controller or wired controller (**)
kW<20	HP<7	1	1	Address code can be any integer from 0 to 63, denoted by X	х
20≤kW<4 0	7≤HP<14	1	2	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 62, denoted by X, and the virtual address following it is X+1	X
40≤kW<7 8.5	14≤HP<28	1	4	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 60, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3	X
78.5≤kW <101	28≤HP<36	1	5	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 59, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4	X
101≤kW< 112	36≤HP<40	1	6	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 58, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4, X+5	X
kW>112	HP>40	1	8	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 56, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4, X+5, X+6, X+7	X



★Example: If one IDU is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1, then the query address at the centralized controller side or wired controller side is 1. If one IDU is 20 HP and the address code is set to 5, then this IDU has four address codes, which are 5, 6, 7, and 8, but the query address at the centralized controller side or wired controller side is 5.

2. Repeated display of address codes and confirmation of repeated address codes

	Error code	Display box/panel	Wired controller
IDU with repeated address codes (number of addresses N = 1)	C11	Error code "C11" and address code are displayed alternately every 1s (★1)	Error code "C11" is displayed
IDU with repeated address codes (number of addresses N>1)	C11	If the number of repeated address codes is 1, then the error code "C11" is displayed alternately with the minimum address code every 1s. If the number of repeated address codes is >1, then the error code "C11" is displayed alternately with the minimum address code every 1s; (*2)	Error code "C11" is displayed

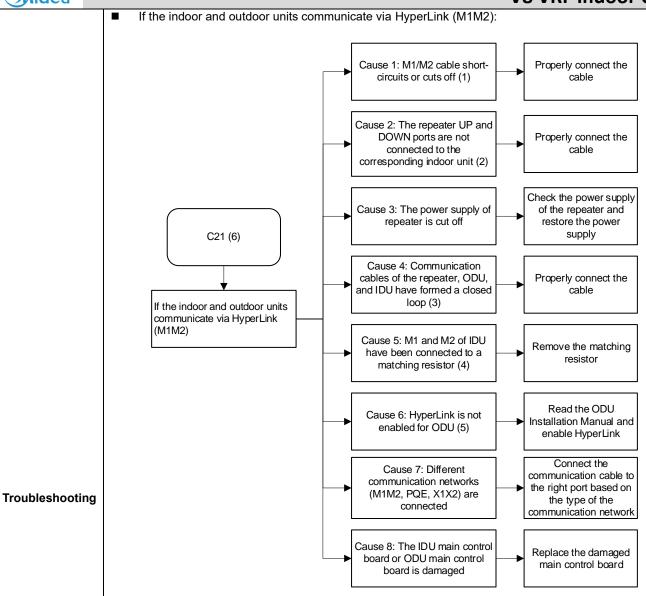
- ★ Example 1: If IDU 1 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1, and IDU 2 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1 too, then the display box or panel of IDU 1 and IDU 2 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 1.
- ★Example 2: If IDU 1 is 20 HP and the address code is set to 1 (the addresses actually occupied are 1, 2, 3, and 4), IDU 2 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 2, IDU 3 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 3, then the display box or panel of IDU 1 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 2 (If there are multiple repeated addresses, then the minimum address code is displayed); the display box or panel of IDU 2 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 2; and the display box or panel of IDU 3 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 3.



8.1.16 C21 - Abnormal communication between IDU and ODU

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is continues running, the EEV is closed, and error code "A5" "Ed"). Meaning of the code: ODU fault ODU of the same system: stops. Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform ODU displayed qty decrease fault	i1" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displays the code	
Error trigger	If the IDU has not received any communication signal from ODU for 2 min		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: Co are not cor Cause 2: Co are not cor Cause 3: conne Cause 4: T cable does If the indoor and outdoor units communicate via RS-485 (PQE/PQ) Cause 4: Tropicular communicate via RS-485 Cause electromagne (transfor fluorescommunicate) Cause 3: The board or O Dispared O D	·	

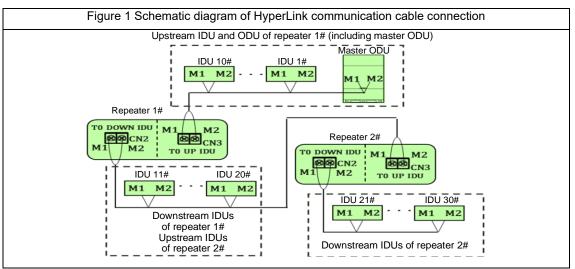




Note:

- 1. If you measure the resistance between terminal blocks M1 and M2 of the IDU main control board, normally this resistance is greater than 1 $M\Omega$.
- 2. Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram of HyperLink communication line connection. The connection of repeater wires must comply with the following requirements. Otherwise, an IDU communication fault may occur.





- 1) The UP communication port of 1# repeater is connected to the communication port of 10# IDU, and the DOWN communication port of 1# repeater is connected to the communication port of 11# IDU.
- 2) The UP communication port of 2# repeater is connected to the communication port of 20# IDU, and the DOWN communication port of 2# repeater is connected to the communication port of 21# IDU.
- 3) For each repeater added, 10 IDUs and 200 m communication distance can be added. A refrigerant system allows the addition of a maximum of 2 repeaters and can connect to up to 30 IDUs. If more than 30 IDUs are connected, please allocate separate refrigerant systems.
- 3. If communication cables connecting the communication ports of the repeater, IDU and ODU form a closed loop, it will cause a communication fault.
- 4. RS-485 communication cables must be connected hand in hand. If communication is unstable, a matching resistor needs to be added to the last IDU on the PQ (in the accessory bag of the ODU). However, a matching resistor should not be added between M1 and M2. Otherwise, a communication fault may occur.
- 5. To select the communication mode HyperLink (M1M2), users must go to the ODU menu item to change the mode (For the setting method, refer to the ODU Installation Manual). Otherwise, communication faults may occur.
- 6. The V8 platform ODU typically uses the V8 communication protocol. If there are any IDUs that use a non-V8 platform, users must go to the ODU menu item to change the communication protocol (Please refer to the ODU Installation Manual for setup instructions). Otherwise, these IDUs will display communication fault codes (For the code number, please refer to the IDU wiring nameplate).



8.1.17 C41 - Abnormal communication between IDU main control board and fan drive board

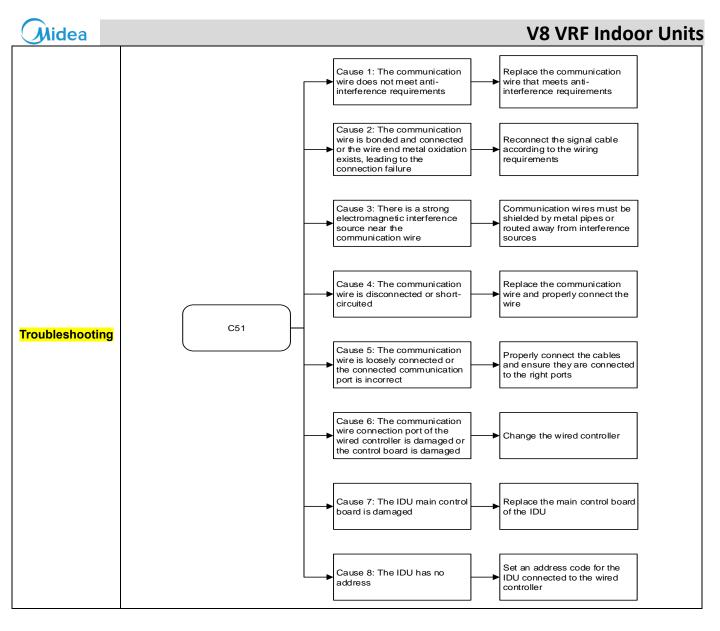
	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	Panel, display box, and wired contro		
Funcy income at	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: o	perate normally.	
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost communication	ion with the fan drive board for 2 min (3)	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	 The fan drive board is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. The communication cable between the fan drive board and the IDU main control board has become loose. 		
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The communication cable between the fan drive board and the IDU main control board has become loose (1) Reconnect the loose plug Replace the main control board is damaged Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the fan drive board is damaged (2) Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the fan drive board is independent of the IDU montrol board. Sommunication cables are only provided for units whose fan drive board is independent of the IDU montrol board. Provided for units whose fan drive board, if either the fan drive board.		



8.1.18 C51: communication exception between the IDU and wired controller

Note: The error code C51 can be triggered either at the IDU side or the wired controller side.

	LED display	Display position		
		If a powered-on IDU does not receive any message from the wired controller:		
		1) Wired controller: "C51" is displayed; 2) Panel or display box: The LED		
		display and the error code bit on the inspection interface are displayed		
Fault Display		normally.		
		,		
		If a powered-on IDU receives any message from the wired controller: 1) Wired		
		controller: "C51" is displayed; 2) Panel or display box: The LED display is		
		normal, and "C51" is displayed in the error code bit on the inspection interface.		
	■ Triggered at the IDU s	ide: The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system operate normally.		
Fault Impact	Triggered at the wired	controller side: The wired controller is unavailable.		
i auit iiiipact				
	ODU of the same system operates normally.			
	■ Triggered at the IDU side: The IDU main control board experiences a two-minute communication			
F. W.T.	interruption with the wi	red controller.		
Fault Trigger	■ Triggered at the wired	controller side: The wired controller has not received any reply from the IDU		
	main control board for one continuous minute.			
Fault Recovery	Automatic recovery			
Fault Recovery	·			
	The wired controller is damaged.			
Possible Cause	The IDU main control board is damaged.			
	■ Communication wires are loose or the communication port is faulty. ■ Communication wires have short-circuited or been cut off.			
	The communication wire does not meet anti-interference requirements or is affected by strong-current			
	interference.			
	■ IDU has no address.			

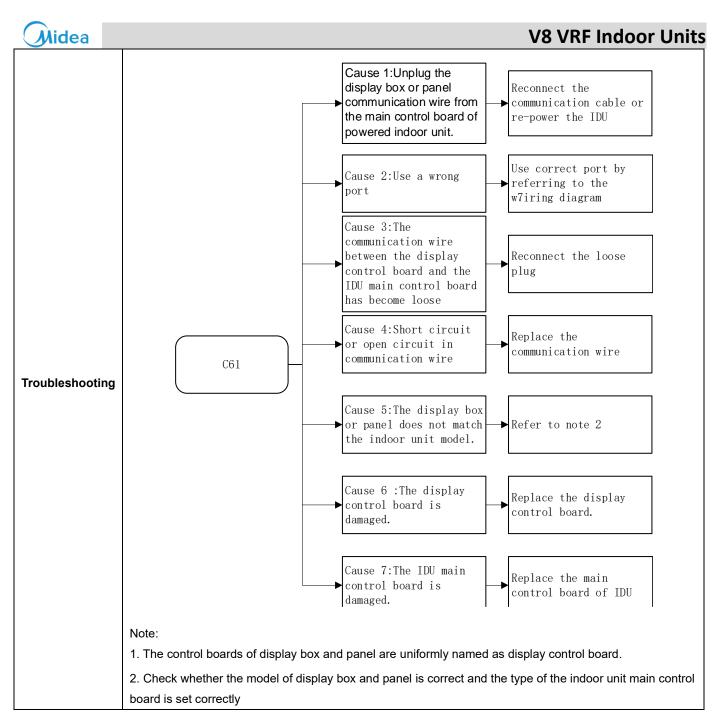




8.1.19 C61 - Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display control board

Note: The error code C61 can be triggered either at the IDU side or at the panel or display box side.

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display		After power on, normal communication was not established between the indoor unit and the wired controller: 1) The wired controller does not display fault code; 2) The panel or display box displays "C61". After power on, normal communication was established between the indoor unit and the wired controller: 1) The wired controller displays "C61"; 2) The panel or display box displays "C61".	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
•	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	 Triggered at the IDU side: If the main control board of the IDU has been connected to the display both but has not communicated with the display board for 2 min; Triggered at panel or display box side: If the display board has not received any reply from the modular control board of an IDU for 1 min 		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	 Unplug the display box or panel communication wire from the main control board of powered indocunit. Use a wrong port to connect display control board and IDU main control board. The communication wire between the display control board and the IDU main control board habecome loose. Short circuit or open circuit in communication wire The display box or panel does not match the indoor unit model. The display control board is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. 		





8.1.20 C71 - Abnormal communication between AHU Kit slave unit and master unit

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master AHU Kit.



8.1.21 C72 - Number of AHU Kits is not the same as the set number

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master AHU Kit.

	Digital display	Display position (master)		
Error display	Master AHU Kit: Display box or wired co			
	Master unit and slave unit: stop. Other IDUs of the same system: stops.			
Error impact	ODU of the same system: ■ stops. ■ Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform ODU displays the code "H7"). Meaning of the code IDU qty decrease fault			
Error trigger	When it is detected that the number of AHU Kits in clasts for 3 min	operation is different from the set number and this		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
Possible cause	 The master unit's or slave unit's main control board is damaged. The actual number of AHU Kits is different from the set number. 			
	 The address setting for the AHU kit is duplicated. Communication between the master unit and slave unit fails. 			
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The actual AHU kits is different set number Cause 2: The add for the AHU kit is	ress setting Kits based on the actual situation Correct the address DIP		
	Cause 3: The mass slave unit's main is damaged	I IRenlace the damaged I		
	Cause 4: Commul between master unit has failed	I I		



8.1.22 C73 - Abnormal communication between the linked humidifying IDU and master IDU

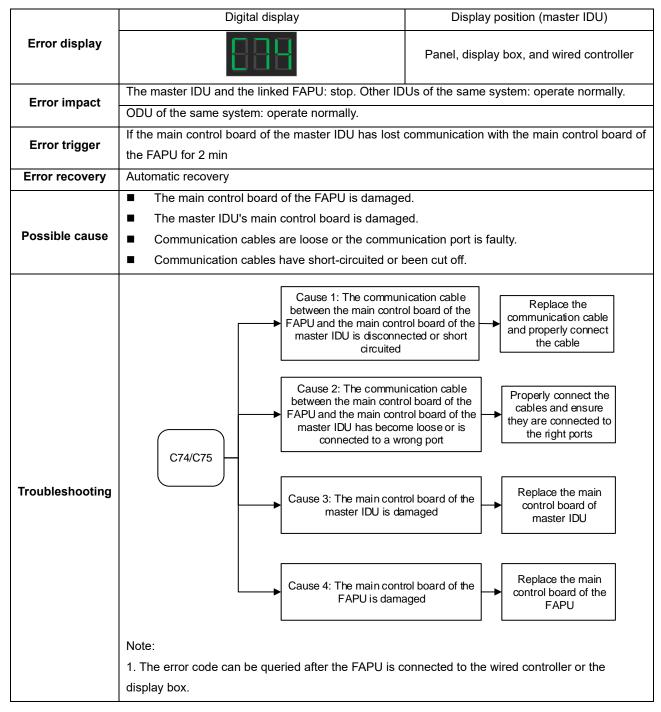
	Digital display	Display position	(master IDU)	
	5	Panel or display box	Wired controller	
Error display		Spot check interface	Error code is not	
		query	displayed	
	Master IDU: operates normally. Humidifying IDU		·	
Error impact	normally.	50. 0.0 p. 0.110. 1200 0. 11.0	oume eyetem eperate	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	_		
	If the main control board of the master IDU has	lost communication with th	e main control board of	
Error trigger	the humidifying IDU for 2 min			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
,	■ The main control board of the humidifying	IDU is damaged.		
	■ The master IDU's main control board is da	· ·		
Possible cause	■ Communication cables are loose or the co			
	■ Communication cables have short-circuite	d or been cut off.		
	Cause 1:	The communication		
	board of the the main co		Replace the amunication cable and roperly connect the cable	
Troubleshooting	cable betw board of the the main master IDU	humidifying IDU and ca	Properly connect the bles and ensure they connected to the right ports	
	Cause 3: Ti		place the main control ard of the master IDU	
	of the h		place the main control ard of the humidifying IDU	
	Note:			
	1. The error code can be queried after the humi	difying IDU is connected to	the wired controller or	
1	the display box.			



8.1.23 C74 - Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (series setting)

Note:

- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The air supply side of the linked FAPU is directly connected to the air return side of the master IDU through an air duct. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a series connection.





8.1.24 C75 - Communication fault between linked FAPU and master IDU (non-series setting)

Note:

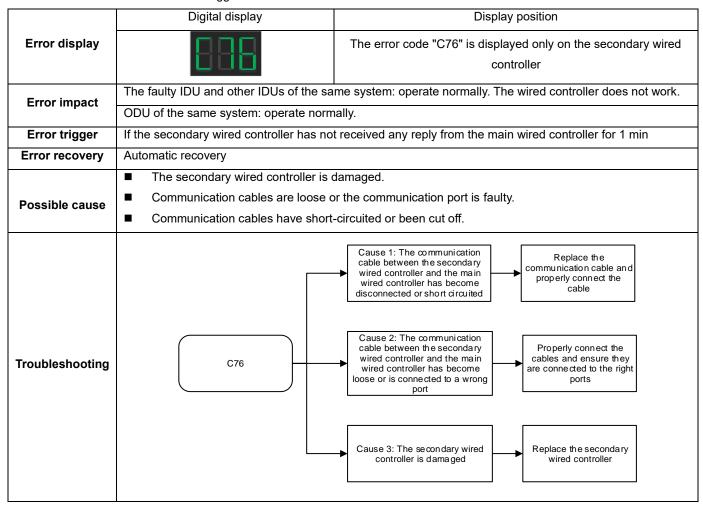
- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The linked FAPU and the master IDU are connected to the air supply duct and air return duct respectively and separately. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a non-series connection.

Error display Master IDU: operates normally. FAPU: stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. ODU of the same system: operate normally. If the main control board of the master IDU has lost communication with the main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The master IDU's main control board of samaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 2: The communication cables and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to the right ports Cause 4: The main control board of the master IDU samaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU are connected to the right ports Cause 4: The main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU Cause 4: The main control board of the FAPU and the FAP		Digital display	Display positio	n (master IDU)	
Error code is not displayed Master IDU: operates normally. FAPU: stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. ODU of the same system: operate normally. If the main control board of the master IDU has lost communication with the main control board of the FAPU for 2 min Error recovery Automatic recovery The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is disconnected to a wrong port Cause 4: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Frror display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller	
Master IDU: operates normally. FAPU: stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. DoDU of the same system: operate normally.	Lifer display		Spot check interface	Error code is not	
Error trigger Error trigger If the main control board of the master IDU has lost communication with the main control board of the FAPU for 2 min Error recovery Automatic recovery The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Cause 4: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged			query	displayed	
Error trigger Error trigger If the main control board of the master IDU has lost communication with the main control board of the FAPU for 2 min Error recovery Automatic recovery The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The master IDU's main control board is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the communication to the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Troubleshooting Cause 4: The main control board Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Error impact	Master IDU: operates normally. FAPU: stops. Ot	her IDUs of the same sys	tem: operate normally.	
Error trigger the FAPU for 2 min Error recovery Automatic recovery The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The master IDU's main control board is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the main control board of the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged		, ,			
Error recovery Automatic recovery The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. The master IDU's main control board is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the main control board of the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cable sand ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Error trigger				
Possible cause The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the cable and properly connect t					
Possible cause The master IDU's main control board is damaged. Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they cable between the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Troubleshooting Troubleshooting Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Error recovery				
Possible cause Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty. Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged			•		
Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off. Cause 1: The communication cable and properly connect the communication cable between the main control board of the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU for the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Passible sause				
Cause 1: The communication cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU is disconnected or short circuited Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the FAPU and the main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the communication properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the master IDU is damaged	Possible cause		•		
Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Cause 3: The main control board of the master IDU has become loose or is connected to a wrong port Troubleshooting Cause 4: The main control board Cause 4: The main control board Replace the main control board of the master IDU Replace the main control board of the master IDU Replace the main control board of the master IDU Replace the main control board of the master IDU		Communication cables have short-circuited	d or been cut off.		
Note: 1. The error code can be queried after the FAPU is connected to the wired controller or the	Troubleshooting	Cause 2: To of the mas Cause 4: Th of the F. Note:	control board the main control board are main control board are main control board APU is damaged	mmunication cable and properly connect the cable Properly connect the ables and ensure they e connected to the right ports eplace the main control pard of the master IDU eplace the main control board of the FAPU	



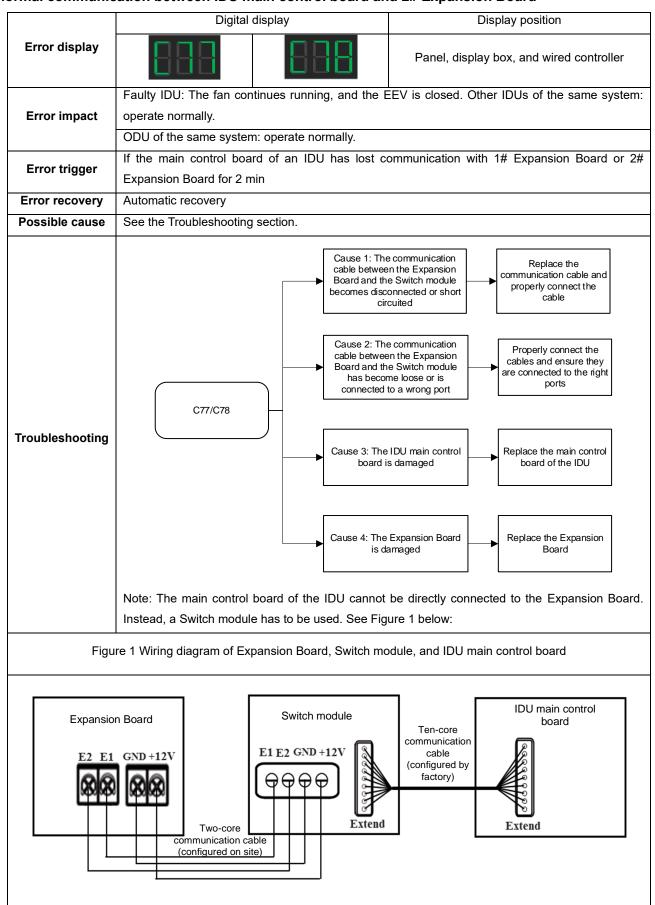
8.1.25 C76 - Abnormal communication between the main wired controller and secondary wired controller

Note: The error code C51 can be triggered either at the IDU side or at the wired controller side.





8.1.26 C77, C78 - Abnormal communication between IDU main control board and 1# Expansion Board, abnormal communication between IDU main control board and 2# Expansion Board





8.1.27 C79 - Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and Switch module

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	Panel, display box, and wired con	
Error impact	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system: operat normally. ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	unication with the Switch module for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: cable betw board of the module has or Cause 2: cable betw board of the module has connect Cause 3: boar Cause 3:	The communication ween the main control are IDU and the Switch become disconnected short circuited The communication ween the main control are IDU and the Switch as become loose or is ted to a wrong port The IDU main control ard is damaged Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the main control board of the IDU



8.1.28 C81—The indoor unit is in a power-off state

Error impact	running, and the central controller or various Other indoor units in the same system are op	
Frror impact	running, and the central controller or various Other indoor units in the same system are op	software ay boxes, and wired controllers connected to it will stop
Error impact	running, and the central controller or various Other indoor units in the same system are op	
s	 The faulty indoor unit and the panels, display boxes, and wired controllers connected to it will stop running, and the central controller or various types of control terminal software will display "C81". Other indoor units in the same system are operating normally. The outdoor unit in the same system is operating normally, displaying 'd41'(There are indoor units in the system that are in a powered-off state). HyperLink will closes the electronic expansion valve of the powered-off indoor unit. 	
Error trigger	The power supply to the indoor unit has been detected as being cut off.	
Error recovery	The faulty indoor unit will automatically resume operation once power supply is restored.	
Possible cause	 The power supply to the indoor unit has been cut off. The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged 	
	Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it Note: The C81 fault trigger is only supported when both the indoor and outdoor units belong to the V8 series and the communication line between the indoor and outdoor units is connected to the M1/M2 ports.	



8.1.29 d16 - Air inlet temperature of IDU is too low in heating mode

Error display	Digital display	Display position	
	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	If the air inlet temperature of the IDU is lower than the set value (See the operating temperature range set out in the IDU Manual) for 5 min in heating mode		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
Troubleshooting	temperature at inlet air temperature at inlet air temperature check result is measured result is a normal profor the unit. Other causes	theck the inlet air and measure the ature. If the point the same as the t (error ≤ 1°C), it thection measure therwise, refer to be 2/3/4	
	inlet air tempera the main cont IDU, measure value, and con Table of Sens Temperature Cl If the temp corresponds tr value deviates inlet air tempera	ve the plug of the ature sensor from rol board of the e its resistance enpare it with the for Resistance - haracteristics (1). It is berature that of the resistance of from the actual erature by more the sensor is aged.	
	comes into consource, such as condensed v surface of a h which causes the	e sensor body ntact with a cold low-temperature water and cold eat exchanger, ne detected value the normal value	
	cleared after ca	Replace the main control board of the IDU	
	Note: 1. The inlet air temperature sensor is commonly found in the fresh air IDUs (The sensor code is defined as T0), and its resistance and temperature characteristics are similar to T1 - return air temperature sensor. Please refer to the Table of Temperature Sensor Resistance Characteristics listed in the Maintenance Manual to learn more about the sensor's features.		



8.1.30 d17 - Air inlet temperature of IDU is too high in cooling mode

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same syste	em: operate normally.	
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	If the air inlet temperature of the IDU is higher than range set out in the IDU Manual) for 5 min in coolin		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
	Cause 1: Spot check temperature and measu temperature. If the poin is the same as the mea (error ≤ 1°C), it is a nor measure for the unit. Oth cause 2/3/	protection measure for the IDU. When the inlet air temperature is lower than the set value, the fault will be cleared	
Troubleshooting	d17 Cause 2: Remove the plutemperature sensor from board of the IDU, measure value, and compare it will sensor Resistance - Characteristics (1). If the corresponds to the resideviates from the act temperature by more than is damaged.	the main control tre its resistance with the Table of Temperature temperature that sistance value stual inlet air no 5°C, the sensor	
,	Cause 3: The sensor bod contact with a hot source sunlight or hot surface exchanger, which cause value to be lower than the	e, such as direct ce of a heat es the detected esternal hot source to	
	Cause 4: If the error can after causes 1/2/3 have be the main control board damaged	been eliminated, don't the IDU is	
	Note:		
	1. The inlet air temperature sensor is commonly found in the fresh air IDUs (The sensor defined as T0), and its resistance and temperature characteristics are similar to T1 - temperature sensor. Please refer to the Table of Temperature Sensor Resistance Challisted in the Maintenance Manual to learn more about the sensor's features.		

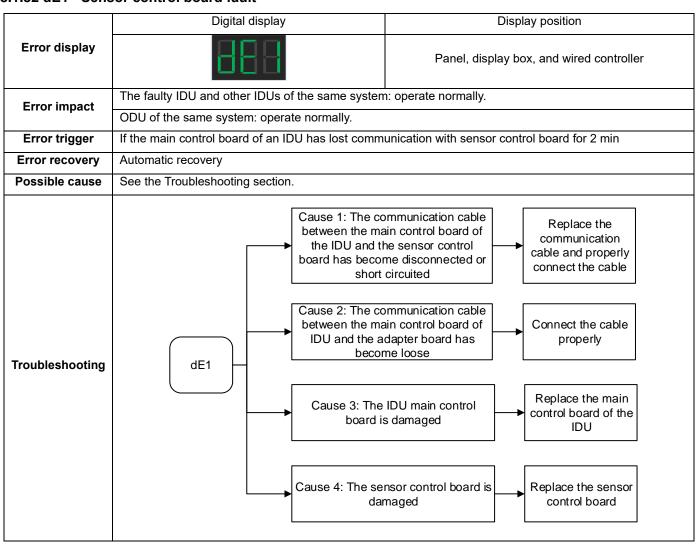


8.1.31 d50 - AHU kit fan running status input signal exception

	LED display	Display position	
Fault Display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Fault Impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Fault IIIIpact	ODU of the same system operates normally.		
Fault Trigger	The V8 series AHU kit fan runs normally, but the fan ON/OFF input port on the main control board is disconnected for 20 seconds.		
Fault Recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible Cause	 The fan motor status feedback signal is abnormal. The terminal inserted on the fan ON/OFF input port of the AHU kit main control board is loose. The AHU kit main control board is damaged. 		
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The fan motor status feedback signal body of the fan motor is short-circuited or open-circuited. If yes; if yes, replace the feedback body. Cause 2: The terminal on the fan ON/OFF input port of the AHU kit main control board is loose Cause 3: The AHU kit main control board is damaged Replace the main control board		



8.1.32 dE1 - Sensor control board fault





8.1.33 dE2 - PM2.5 sensor fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system	n: operate normally.
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	nunication with PM2.5 sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	between the PM sensor control disconnected of the control	Replace the communication cable 2.5 sensor and the board becomes or short circuited Connect the cable properly connect the cable properly Connect the cable properly Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cable Connect the cable properly Replace the main control board of the IDU
	after causes eliminated, the	ror cannot be cleared 1/2/3 have been PM2.5 sensor is naged Replace the PM2.5 sensor (1)
	Note: 1. If the PM2.5 sensor is integrated with the sensor control board, making disassembly difficult, then replace the sensor control board directly.	



8.1.34 dE3 - CO2 sensor fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same systen	n: operate normally.
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	unication with CO2 sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
	improperly conne	2 sensor pins are ected to the sensor ol board Properly connect the pins
	1 NF3	J main control board control board of the IDU
Troubleshooting	Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the CO2 sensor is damaged Replace the CO sensor (1)	
3	Note 1:	
		sensor control board according to the wiring nameplate.
When inserting and removing the sensor, do not press and defo its internal optical path and cause zero drift to the sensor, making to or even out of range.		
	3) When inserting and removing the sensor: Operators must keep their hands clean and of wrist strap should be worn on the wrist; the metal piece inside the antistatic wrist strap should be placed contact with the skin; and the metal clamp of the antistatic wrist strap should be placed copper grounding wire.	



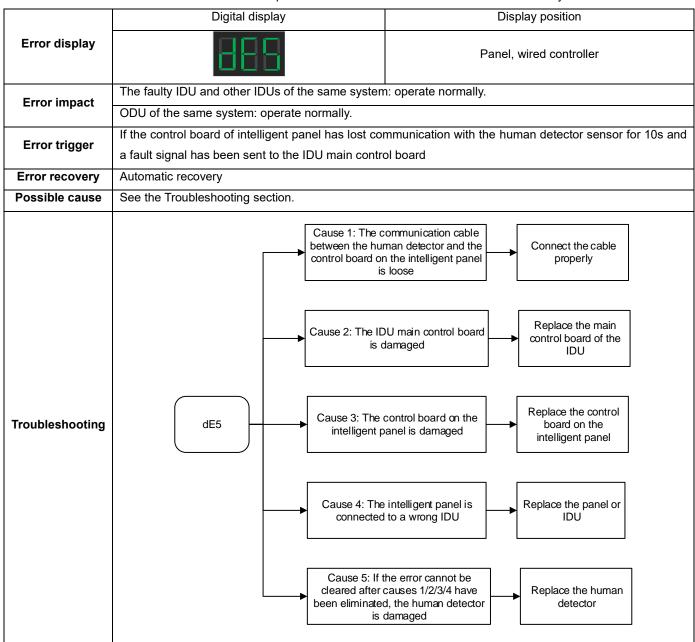
8.1.35 dE4 - Formaldehyde sensor fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system	n: operate normally.
Liver impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	unication with formaldehyde sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: The lis Cause 3: If the after causes 1/2 the formaldehy Note 1: 1) The formaldehyde sensor pins should be inserted nameplate.	Properly connect the pins DU main control board damaged Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the formal dehyde sensor (1) Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the formal dehyde sensor (1) Replace the formal dehyde sensor (1) Replace the formal dehyde sensor (1)
	3) When inserting and removing the sensor: Operators must keep their hands clean and dry; th wrist strap should be worn on the wrist; the metal piece inside the antistatic wrist strap should le contact with the skin; and the metal clamp of the antistatic wrist strap should be placed at the copper grounding wire.	



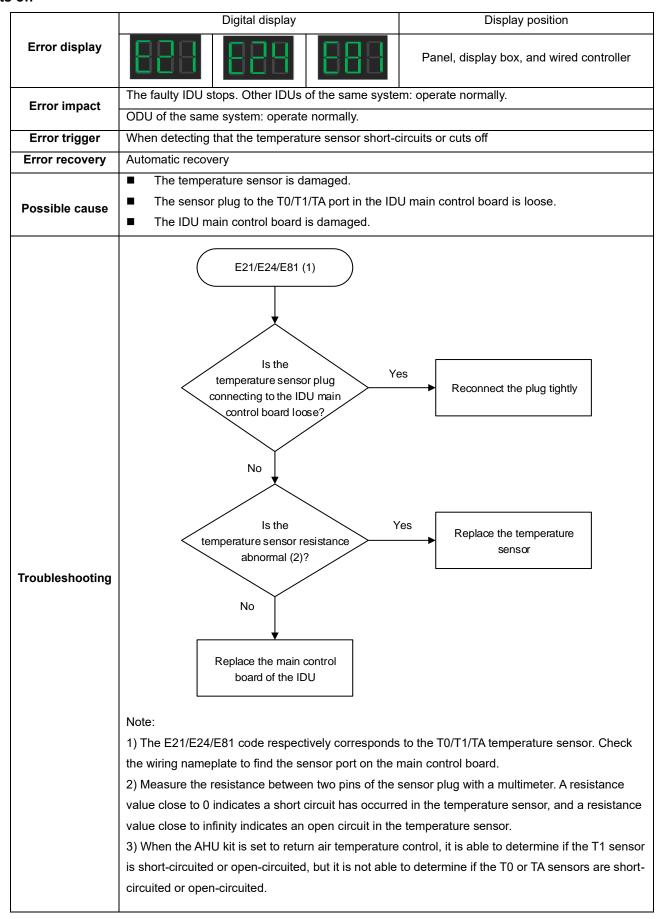
8.1.36 dE5 - Human Detect sensor fault

Note: The human detector sensor on the smart panel is used to detect the location of the human body.





8.1.37 E21, E24, E81 - T0 (fresh inlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, T1 (IDU return air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, and TA (outlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off





When the AHU kit is set to supply air temperature control, it is able to determine if the T0 or TA sensors are short-circuited or open-circuited, but it is not able to determine if the T1 sensor is short-circuited or open-circuited.

4) Only the master unit needs to be connected to the T1/T0/TA sensors when the AHU kit is installed in parallel.



8.1.38 E31: wired controller temperature sensor failure

	LED display	Display position	
Fault Display		Panel or display box	Wired controller
		Panel, display box, a	nd wired controller
Fault Impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same syste	em operate normally.	
r aut impact	ODU of the same system operates normally.		
Fault Trigger	When the V8 series FAPU uses room temperature control, the "Follow Me" temperature value received from the wired controller is abnormal.		
Fault Recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible Cause	 The built-in room temperature sensor of the wired controller is short-circuited or open-circuited. The wired controller is damaged. The main control board of the FAPU is damaged. 		
Troubleshooting			



8.1.39 EA2 - Return air humidity sensor fault

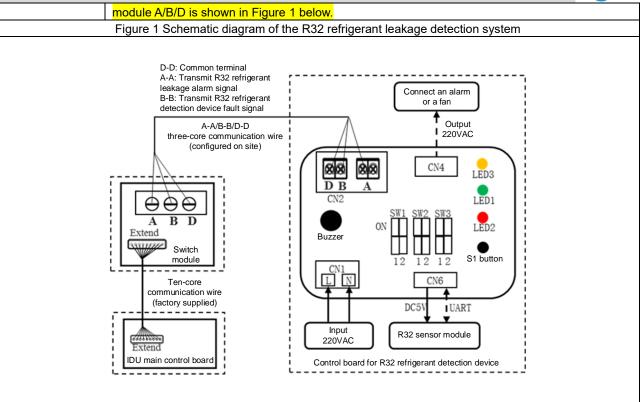
	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	Panel or display box Wired co			
o. a.op.ay		Spot check interface	Error code is not	
		query	displayed	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.			
Litor impuot	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost commin	nmunication with the return a	ir humidity sensor for	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The humidity sensor board is damaged.			
	■ The cable plug connecting to the RH port i	in the IDU main control boar	d is loose.	
Possible cause	■ The cable plug connecting to the humidity			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.	consor board to toose.		
	3			
	(EA2)			
	<u> </u>			
	Is the cable plug			
	(with one end connecting to	Yes		
	RH port of the IDU main control		the plug tightly	
	board and the other end connecting to humidity sensor board)			
	loose?			
	No			
	No ↓			
	Are wires short circuited or	Yes ► Replace the	a wires	
	disconnected? (1)	Theplace the	, wii co	
Troubleshooting				
	No			
	<u> </u>			
	Replace			
	the humidity sensor board and	Yes		
	power on the system again. Is the	Fault clear	ed	
	fault cleared?			
	No			
	Deplete the secie control			
	Replace the main control board of the IDU			
	Board of the IDO			
	Note:			
			- 4 4	
	Use a multimeter to measure the resistance l	between the pin in the plug	at two ends of each	
	wire. A resistance value close to 0 indicates a si			



8.1.40 EC1: R32 refrigerant leakage sensor fault

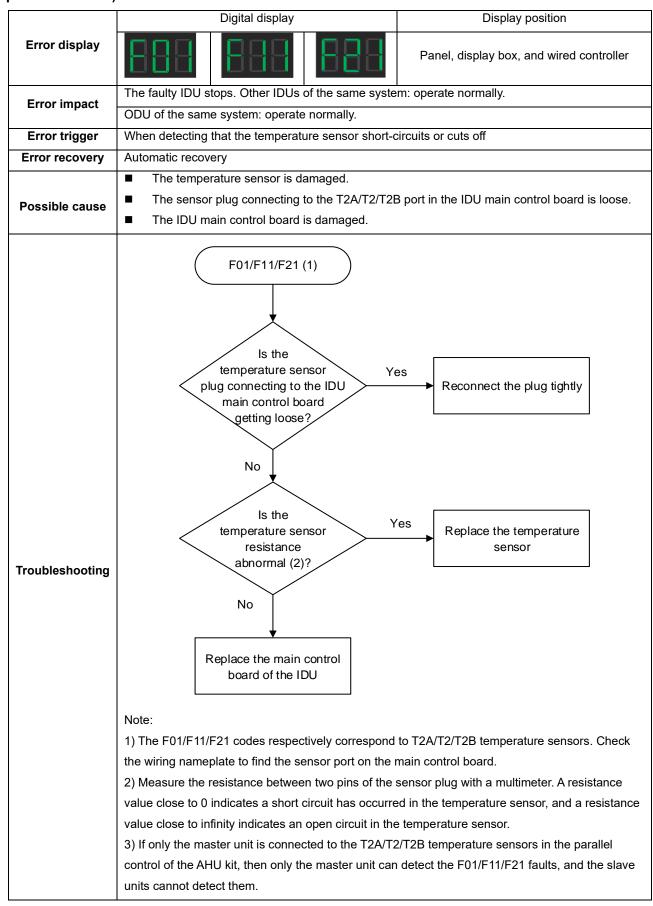
	gerant leakage sensor fault LED display		Display position
Fault Display	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
Fault Impact	Faulty IDU: stops. Other IDUs of the	e same system: o	perate normally.
r duit impact	ODU of the same system operates	normally.	
Fault Trigger	The IDU main control board receive device.	s sensor module	fault signal from the R32 refrigerant detectio
Fault Recovery	No sensor module fault signal is de	tected by the IDU	main control board.
Possible Cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
Troubleshooting	detection device control board EEF S1 button on the control board for 10 are lit for two seconds before they board EEPROM is cleared. Communication device is automatically respectively.	flashes once even and the buzzer rin an interval of one indicating: the sensensor expires Cause 5: The yelld indicator is always buzzer rings one senterval of one sec Refrigerant detect control board EEF Cause 6: The combetween the control detection device a module B/D ports circuited, open-circonnected (2) Cause 7: If the erroleared after caus have been elimina control board of ID ensor module fault, PROM fault: After 0 seconds to reset become dimmed. nunication between stored.	Dow LED3 Ow LED3 One second at an cond, indicating: the is faulty Tow LED3 One every six buzzer rings one rival of one gir There is a full between the detection device Tow LED3 indicator yet free seconds, and the fault persists, replace the communication wire and then press and hold S1 for 10 seconds to reset it (1) Tow LED3 OND LED3 OND LED3 OND LED3 OND LED3 indicator yet free seconds, rigs one second at an communication wire Tow LED3 indicator yet free seconds, rigs one second at second, vice life of the Tow LED3 OND LED4 OND LED4 OND LED4 OND LED







8.1.41 F01, F11, F21 - T2A (heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, and T2B (heat exchanger gas pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off





8.1.42 P31/P34 - Fan drive board AC side overcurrent protection

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888 888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same sy	ystem: operate normally.	
Litor impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	 P31: The current value detected on the AC side of the fan drive board exceeds the programmed overcurrent protection value P34: Six P31 failures within an hour. 		
Error recovery	■ P31: Automatic recovery■ P34: Power-on again		
Possible cause	 The actual static pressure resistance of the indoor unit outlet is less than the static pressure value of indoor unit Instantaneous power failure or violent voltage fluctuation Indoor unit fan driver board is damaged Indoor unit main control board is damaged 		
Troubleshooting	P31/P34 Cause 2:Inst power failure voltage flucture voltage flucture voltage flucture voltage flucture. Cause 3:If the cannot be clean other cause eliminated, the control board is dame. Note 1: When replacing the fan drive board, the following indoor unit on than the stativalue of indoor than the stat	Power-on again, check whether the power supply voltage is stable, if the fluctuation is violent, the power supply needs to be rectified Replace the main control board or fan drive board g should be noted: For models where the fan drive control board, if either the fan drive board or the indoor	



8.1.43 P52 - The voltage of the power supply is too low

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	■ Power supply voltage is below the program	nmed protection threshold (165V)
Error recovery	■ Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ Power supply voltage is lower than 165V ■ Indoor unit fan driver board is damaged	
Troubleshooting	Use a multimeter to check whether the power supply voltage the indoor unit is lower than 16. YES Rectify the power supply	



8.1.44 P71 - Main control board EEPROM fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same sy	/stem: operate normally.
•	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	When the master chip cannot receive data from EEPROM (EEPROM: a non-volatile memory whose data are kept even when powered off)	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	 The IDU main control board is damaged. External interference (such as noise and electromagnetic) 	
Troubleshooting	Power off and then power on the IDU Is the fault cleared? The main control board of IDU is normal and subject to external interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)	Replace the main control board of the IDU



8.1.45 P72 - IDU display control board EEPROM fault

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel or display box	
Error impact	The faulty IDU operates normally, and the error code is displayed on the panel or display box only. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	Unable to read data from display control board EEPROM (EEPROM: a non-volatile memory whose data are kept even when powered off)		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The display control board is damaged.External interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)		
Troubleshooting	Power off and then power on the IDU Is the fault cleared? Yes The display control board is normal and subject to external interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)	No Replace the display control board	



8.1.46 U01 - Locked (electronic lock)

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
Error impact	All IDUs of the same system: stop running, displ	laying code "U01"		
Life impact	ODU of the same system: stops running, display	ying code "U01"		
Error trigger	When detecting that the ODU is locked			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The ODU is still locked.			
Troubleshooting	Unlock the ODU depending on the type of ODUs (1) Note 1: To get unlocking methods and tools, please contact your local dealer or technical support personnel.			



8.1.47 U11 - Unit model code not set

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	 1) The faulty IDU stops running. 2) Other IDUs of the same system: If the address for the faulty IDU has been set, other IDUs will operate normally. If the address of the faulty IDU was not set, other IDUs will display error code "A51"-ODU fault. (The indoor unit of V6 platform displays "Ed" code) ODU of the same system: If the address for the faulty IDU has been set, the ODU will operate normally. If the address of the faulty IDU was not set, the ODU will display the error code "C26" -number of IDUs reduced. (The outdoor unit of V6 platform displays "H7" code.) 		
Error trigger	When detecting that the unit model code for IDU	main control board is not set	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The unit model code has not been set after replacing the IDU main control board.The IDU main control board is damaged.		
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again Is the fault cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note 1: For specialized tooling and instructions, personnel.		



8.1.48 U12 - Capacity(HP) code not set

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
	The faulty IDU stops running. Other IDUs of the same system:			
Error impact	If the address for the faulty IDU has been setIf the address of the faulty IDU was not set,	et, other IDUs will operate normally. other IDUs will display error code "A51"-ODU fault.		
	ODU of the same system: If the address for the faulty IDU has been set, the ODU will operate normally. If the address of the faulty IDU was not set, the ODU will display the error code "C26" -number of IDUs reduced.			
Error trigger	When detecting that the capacity(HP) code for ID	U main control board has not been set		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
Possible cause	 The capacity(HP) code has not been set after replacing the IDU main control board. The new IDU main control board is damaged. 			
Troubleshooting				



8.1.49 U14 - The capacity value of the AHU Kit DIP switch does not match the model

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops running. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally ODU of the same system: operate normally	ally	
Error trigger	The capacity value of the AHU Kit DIP switch is not within the capability segment corresponding to the current model		
Error recovery	After setting the capacity value of the AHU Kit DIF	switch correctly, power on again	
Possible cause	 The capacity value of the AHU Kit DIP switch is not within the capability segment corresponding to the current model The IDU main control board is damaged. 		
Troubleshooting			



8.1.50 U15 - The DIP value of AHU Kit's fan speed output voltage is incorrect

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
	1) The faulty IDU stops running.			
Error impact	2) Other IDUs of the same system: operate norm	ally		
	ODU of the same system: operate normally			
	The voltage values corresponding to the high/me	dium/low speed of the AHU kit do not meet the condition:		
Error trigger	The voltage corresponding to the high fan speed	d > The voltage corresponding to the medium fan speed >		
	The voltage corresponding to the medium low sp	eed		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
		4 do not meet the requirement that ENC2 < ENC3 < ENC4		
Possible cause	·	d ENC4 on the main control board correspond to the output		
	voltage values of the low speed, medium speed, and high speed, respectively).			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
Troubleshooting	Reset the DIP switch values according to the requirement of ENC2 < ENC3 < ENC4 Is the fault cleared? No Replace the main control board of the IDU Yes Fault cleared			



8.1.51 U26 - Mismatch between indoor unit model and outdoor unit model

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
Error impact	1) The faulty IDU stops running. 2) Other IDUs of the same system will operate normally ODU of the same system: If there is one IDU in the system is operating normally, the ODU will operate normally. If all the IDUs in the system are display error code "U26", the ODU will operate normally.			
Error trigger	 There is a conflict between the model series code of indoor unit and the model series code of outdoor unit The communication flag bit (Myhome identification flag bit) between indoor unit and outdoor unit has a matching conflict 			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
Possible cause	 Model series code setting error when replacing the main control board of indoor unit. Mismatch between indoor unit model and outdoor unit model in the same system. Myhome configuration code setting error when replacing the main control board of indoor unit Myhome configuration indoor unit and non-Myhome configuration outdoor unit are connected in one system Non-Myhome configured indoor unit and Myhome configured outdoor unit are connected in one system 			
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: configura error whe main con indoor un Cause 3: between model an model in system. Cause 4: configura and non- configura unit are co one syste Cause 5: configure and Myho outdoor u connecte Note:	tion code setting in replacing the trol board of it Mismatch indoor unit doutdoor unit the same Replace the outdoor unit (2) Myhome tion indoor unit Myhome tion outdoor onnected in em Non-Myhome d indoor unit or indoor unit(2) Replace the outdoor unit or indoor unit(2) Replace the outdoor unit or indoor unit(2) Replace the outdoor unit or indoor unit(2) contact your local dealer or technical support personnel.		



8.1.52 U38 - Address code not detected

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	1) The faulty IDU stops running. 2) Other IDUs of the same system: The fan continues running, the EEV is closed, and ODU error code "A51" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displays the code "Ed"). ODU of the same system: Otherwise, the ODU will display the error code "C26" (number of IDUs reduced)		
	(V6 platform ODU displays the code "H7")		
Error trigger	When detecting that the address code for IDU ma	ain control board has not been set	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The address code has not been set after reThe new IDU main control board is damage		
Troubleshooting	Use the remote controller or wired controller (1) to set the address code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again Is the fault cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note 1: For instructions on how to set up address refer to relevant manuals.		



8.1.53 J01 - Motor failed more than once

	Digital	display		Display position		
Error display		38		Panel, display box, and wired controller		
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other	er IDUs of the	e same system:	operate normally.		
Error impact	ODU of the same system:	operate nor	mally.			
Error trigger	If fan control faults have o	ccurred 10 ti	imes in 120 min	(1)		
Error recovery	After troubleshooting, pow	ver on again				
Possible cause	The fan drive faults have		notor to fail more	e than once.		
	Enter the spot check interface of the IDU to view the fan error code					
Troubleshooting	Note: 1. Enter the spot check interface of the IDU to query fan drive fault code (see the table below). For spectroubleshooting methods, please refer to this document.					
					elow). For specific	
	No.	Error J1E		Fan drive fault name ule) overcurrent protection	1	
	2	J11		s overcurrent protection for phase	-	
	3 J3E Low bus voltage fault				1	
	4 J31 High bus voltage fault				1	
	5 J43 Phase current sample bias error					
	6 J47 IPM (fan module) and IDU unmatched					
	7 J5E Motor startup failure					
	8 J52 Motor blocking protection			_		
	9	J55		mode setting error	_	
	10	J6E	Phase lack pr	otection of motor		

8.1.54 J1E: IPM (fan module) overcurrent protection

,	LED display Display position	
Fault Display	Panel, display box, and wired co	
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.	

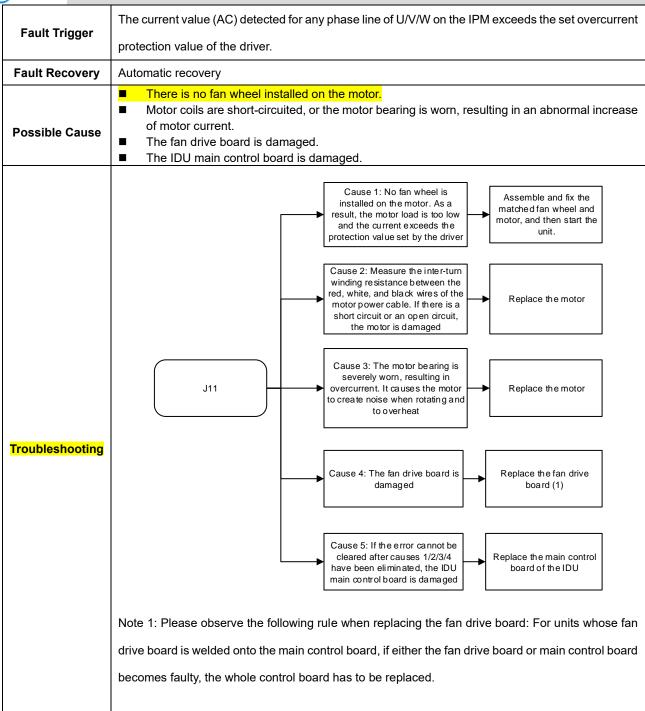


VKF Indoor	Units		
Fault Impact	ODU of the same system operates normally.		
Fault Trigger	The fault is triggered if one of the following conditions is met: 1) The current value (AC) detected for any phase line of U/V/W on the IPM exceeds the set overcurrent protection value of the IPM. 2) A fault signal output by the IPM protection circuit is detected.		
Fault Recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible Cause	 There is no fan wheel installed on the motor. The motor insulation is damaged or motor coils are short-circuited. The fan drive board is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. 		
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: No fan wheel is installed on the motor. As a result, the motor load is too low and the current exceeds the protection value set by the driver Cause 2: Measure the inter-turn winding resistance between the red, white, and black wires of the motor is damaged Cause 3: Measure the resistance between the red, white, and black wires of the motor dirout or an open circuit, the motor is damaged Cause 3: Measure the resistance between any wire pin of the power cord plug of the motor and the metal housing of the motor. If the resistance is less than 1 M \(\Omega\$, the motor is damaged Cause 4: The fan drive board is damaged Replace the motor Replace the motor Replace the motor replace the motor is damaged Cause 4: The fan drive board is damaged Note 1: Please observe the following rule when replacing the fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is welded onto the main control board, if either the fan drive board or main control board becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.		

8.1.55 J11: instantaneous overcurrent protection for phase current

	LED display	Display position	
Fault Display		Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Fault Impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Fault IIIIpact	ODU of the same system operates normally.		







8.1.56 J3E - Low bus voltage fault

Digital display	Dis	splay position		
	Panel or display box	· · ·		
	Spot check interface qu	uery Error code is not displayed		
The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.				
ODU of the same system: operate	normally.			
When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is below the threshold value of the driver (165 V)				
Automatic recovery				
 The input voltage is too low, resulting in low bus voltage. The input voltage encounters transient drop and interruption, resulting in too low transient bus voltage. The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes abnormal. The IDU main control board is damaged. 				
J3E Canon Pa is vo Note: 1. Please refer to the figure below	e IDU. If the voltage is significantly rer than the normal value (≤140 V) or the voltage interrupts or drops stantaneously, the power supply is abnormal ause 2: If the input power supply is mal, and the voltage (DC) between and N is normal (the normal voltage about 310 V), it indicates that the litage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1) Cause 3: If the error cannot be eared after causes 1/2 have been minated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged when measuring voltage betw	Replace the fan drive board (2) Replace the main control board of the IDU Reen P and N. Make sure P/N		
PCB type 1	PCB type	PCB type 2		
P/N measuring point	P/N measuring point (front of PCB)	P/N measuring point (back of PCB)		
A DC FAV2 CM00 DC-				
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of ODU of the same system: operate When the bus voltage (DC voltage Automatic recovery The input voltage is too low, in the input voltage encounters voltage. The fan drive board is damage. The IDU main control board is damage. The IDU main control board is insured in the IDU main control board is selected according to the figure below measuring points are selected according to the IDU measuring to the IDU m	Digital display Panel or display box Spot check interface question The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate no ODU of the same system: operate normally. When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is below the threshold value Automatic recovery The input voltage is too low, resulting in low bus voltage. The input voltage encounters transient drop and interruption voltage. The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection. The IDU main control board is damaged. Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of the IDU. If the voltage is significantly lower than the normal value (≤140 V) or the voltage interprise or drops instantaneously, the power supply is normal, and the voltage (IDC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1) Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (IDC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1) Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged Note: 1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged P/N measuring points are selected according to PCB type.		

becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.



8.1.57 J31 - High bus voltage fault

	Digital display Display position								
Error display			Panel, display box Wired controller						
Error impost	The faulty IDU stops. Other ID	Us of the same system: opera	te normally.						
Error impact	ODU of the same system: ope	rate normally.							
Error trigger	When the bus voltage (DC vol	tage) is greater than the threst	nold value of the driver (450V)						
Error recovery	Automatic recovery								
Possible cause	Instantaneous high inputThe fan drive board is da	 Instantaneous high input voltage. The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes abnormal. 							
	Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1) Replace the fan drive board of the IDU is damaged Replace the main control board of the IDU is damaged Note: 1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make sur								
Troubleshooting	PCB type 1	PCB	type 2						
	P/N measuring point	P/N measuring point (front of PCB)	P/N measuring point (back of PCB)						
	2. Please observe the following	g rule when replacing the fan o	drive board: For units whose fan drive						
	2. Please observe the following rule when replacing the fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is welded onto the main control board, if either the fan drive board or main control board becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.								



8.1.58 J43 - Phase current sample bias error

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box Wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system	em: operate normally.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	When detecting that the current sample is 50% gre	eater than 2.5 V	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The current sampling circuit of the fan drive bThe IDU main control board is damaged.	oard is damaged.	
Troubleshooting	Replace the fan drive board. Is the fault cleared? No Replace the main control board of the IDU Note 1: Please observe the following rule when replaced the main control board, board becomes faulty, the whole control board has	if either the fan drive board or main control	



8.1.59 J45 - Motor and IDU unmatched

	Digital display	Display position						
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller						
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.							
Lifer impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.							
Error trigger	If the motor code sent by the IDU main control board is	not found in the fan driver						
Error recovery	Automatic recovery							
Possible cause	Unit model code or capacity code is incorrectly seThe fan drive board is wrong or damaged.	et.						
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code and capacity code for the main control board of IDU according to the IDU model or nominal capacity, and power on the unit again Stallt cleared	e fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is						



8.1.60 J47 - IPM (fan module) and IDU unmatched

	Digital display	Display position						
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller						
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.							
Lifor impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.							
Error trigger	When detecting that the fan drive board does not match	h the set value of the driver						
Error recovery	Automatic recovery							
Possible cause	Unit model code or capacity(HP) code is incorrectThe fan drive board is wrong or damaged.	tly set.						
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code and capacity code for the main control board of IDU according to the IDU model or nominal capacity, and power on the unit again Step	e fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is						



8.1.61 J5E - Motor startup failure

	Digital display Display position									
Error display	Panel, display box Wired controller									
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.									
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.									
Error trigger	Motor startup failure									
Error recovery	Automatic recovery									
Possible cause	 Motor winding short-circuits or cuts off The fan is blocked by foreign material or the motor is damaged and cannot rotate. The unit's model code or capacity code are set incorrectly Fan blade is not installed The fan drive module is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. 									
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: Measure the inter-turn winding resistance between the red, white, and black wires of the motor power cable. If there is a short circuit or an open circuit, the motor is damaged Cause 2: The fan is blocked by foreign matters and cannot rotate Replace the motor Remove foreign matter. Cause 3: The unit's model code or capacity code are set incorrectly Reset the code Install the fan blade Cause 5: The fan drive board is damaged Replace the fan drive board (1)									
	Cause 6: If the error cannot be cleared after all other causes have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged Note 1: Please observe the following rule when replacing the fan drive board: For units whose fan drive states.									
	board is welded onto the main control board, if either the fan drive board or main control board becomfaulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.									

8.1.62 J52: motor blocking protection

Fault Display	LED display	Display position
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- T.	-	Ond						
	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller						
Fault Impact	Impact The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally. ODU of the same system operates normally.							
T autt impact								
Fault Trigger	The motor is blocked.							
Fault Recovery	Automatic recovery							
Possible Cause	 There is no fan wheel installed on the motor. The motor shaft gets stuck. The fan drive board is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. 							
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: No fan installed on the m result, the motor and the current e protection values Cause 2: The clogged by fo Cause 3: The fan dama Cause 4: If the ecleared after chave been eliminatin control board after the control board is welded onto the main control board, if expected becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be reported.	motor. As a load is too low exceeds the set by the driver motor shaft is reign material motor shaft is reign material Replace the motor Replace the fan drive board (1) Replace the main control board of the IDU and is damaged Replace the main control board of the IDU and is damaged						



8.1.63 J55 - Speed control mode setting error

	Digital display	Display position							
Error display	888	Panel, display box Wired controller							
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: ODU of the same system: operate normally.	em: operate normally.							
Error trigger	The IDU is non constant air flow control, but its ma to the constant air flow control mode.	The IDU is non constant air flow control, but its main control program sets the fan speed according							
Error recovery	Automatic recovery								
Possible cause	The IDU model is set incorrectly.The IDU main control board is damaged.								
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again Is the fault cleared? Yes Fault cleared Note 1: For specialized tooling and instructions, ple support personnel.	board of the IDU							



8.1.64 J6E - Phase lack protection of motor

	Digital display	Display position							
Error display	888	Panel, display box Wired controller							
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.								
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.								
Error trigger	When the motor phase lacks protection								
Error recovery	Automatic recovery								
Possible cause	 The motor plug connecting to the U/V/W port in The fan drive board is damaged. The IDU main control board is damaged. 	n the IDU main control board is loose.							
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The motor to the UV/W port in control board Cause 2: The fan of damage Cause 3: If the emcleared after cause been eliminated, the board of IDU is Note 1: Please observe the following rule when repl drive board is welded onto the main control board, if board becomes faulty, the whole control board has to	Replace the fan drive board of the IDU Replace the fan drive board (1) Replace the main control damaged Replace the main control board of the IDU Replace the main control board of the IDU							



9 Appendix

9.1 Temperature Sensor Resistance Characteristics

Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics

R25=10K $\Omega \pm 3\%$ B25/50=4100K $\pm 3\%$

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
-40	337.762	388.619	446.732	0	32.140	34.385	36.753
-39	315.441	362.171	415.450	1	30.532	32.613	34.803
-38	294.802	337.767	386.646	2	29.013	30.941	32.968
-37	275.699	315.226	360.096	3	27.578	29.364	31.238
-36	258.001	294.386	335.600	4	26.221	27.876	29.609
-35	241.589	275.100	312.977	5	24.938	26.471	28.074
-34	226.358	257.238	292.067	6	23.725	25.145	26.626
-33	212.210	240.679	272.721	7	22.578	23.892	25.260
-32	199.059	225.317	254.809	8	21.492	22.708	23.972
-31	186.823	211.053	238.210	9	20.464	21.590	22.757
-30	175.432	197.799	222.817	10	19.491	20.532	21.609
-29	164.820	185.475	208.531	11	18.569	19.532	20.526
-28	154.925	174.007	195.264	12	17.696	18.586	19.502
-27	145.695	163.330	182.934	13	16.868	17.690	18.536
-26	137.078	153.381	171.467	14	16.084	16.843	17.622
-25	129.030	144.105	160.797	15	15.341	16.041	16.758
-24	121.508	135.452	150.861	16	14.635	15.281	15.941
-23	114.473	127.375	141.604	17	13.966	14.562	15.169
-22	107.892	119.832	132.974	18	13.332	13.880	14.438
-21	101.730	112.783	124.925	19	12.729	13.234	13.746
-20	95.959	106.193	117.413	20	12.157	12.621	13.091
-19	90.551	100.028	110.399	21	11.614	12.041	12.471
-18	85.480	94.259	103.846	22	11.099	11.490	11.884
-17	80.724	88.857	97.721	23	10.608	10.967	11.327
-16	76.260	83.796	91.994	24	10.143	10.471	10.800
-15	72.070	79.054	86.636	25	9.700	10.000	10.300
-14	68.134	74.607	81.620	26	9.254	9.553	9.853
-13	64.436	70.436	76.924	27	8.830	9.128	9.428
-12	60.960	66.521	72.525	28	8.429	8.725	9.024
-11	57.691	62.847	68.402	29	8.048	8.342	8.639
-10	54.615	59.396	64.536	30	7.686	7.977	8.273
-9	51.721	56.153	60.911	31	7.342	7.631	7.924
-8	48.996	53.106	57.509	32	7.016	7.302	7.592
-7	46.430	50.241	54.315	33	6.706	6.988	7.276
-6	44.012	47.546	51.317	34	6.412	6.690	6.975
-5	41.733	45.010	48.500	35	6.132	6.407	6.688
-4	39.585	42.623	45.853	36	5.866	6.137	6.414
-3	37.558	40.376	43.365	37	5.613	5.880	6.153
-2	35.647	38.259	41.025	38	5.373	5.635	5.905
-1	33.843	36.264	38.824	39	5.144	5.402	5.667



Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics(continues)

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
40	4.926	5.179	5.441	80	1.060	1.166	1.281
41	4.718	4.968	5.225	81	1.025	1.128	1.240
42	4.521	4.766	5.019	82	0.990	1.091	1.201
43	4.333	4.573	4.822	83	0.958	1.056	1.164
44	4.154	4.390	4.634	84	0.926	1.022	1.127
45	3.983	4.215	4.455	85	0.895	0.990	1.092
46	3.821	4.047	4.283	86	0.866	0.958	1.059
47	3.666	3.888	4.120	87	0.838	0.928	1.026
48	3.518	3.736	3.963	88	0.811	0.899	0.995
49	3.377	3.590	3.813	89	0.785	0.870	0.965
50	3.243	3.451	3.670	90	0.760	0.843	0.935
51	3.114	3.318	3.533	91	0.735	0.817	0.907
52	2.991	3.192	3.402	92	0.712	0.792	0.880
53	2.874	3.070	3.276	93	0.689	0.768	0.854
54	2.762	2.954	3.156	94	0.668	0.744	0.829
55	2.656	2.843	3.041	95	0.647	0.722	0.804
56	2.553	2.737	2.931	96	0.627	0.700	0.781
57	2.456	2.635	2.825	97	0.607	0.679	0.758
58	2.362	2.538	2.723	98	0.589	0.659	0.736
59	2.273	2.444	2.626	99	0.571	0.639	0.715
60	2.187	2.355	2.533	100	0.553	0.620	0.694
61	2.105	2.269	2.444	101	0.537	0.602	0.674
62	2.027	2.187	2.358	102	0.520	0.584	0.655
63	1.952	2.109	2.276	103	0.505	0.567	0.637
64	1.880	2.033	2.197	104	0.490	0.551	0.619
65	1.811	1.961	2.121	105	0.475	0.535	0.602
66	1.745	1.892	2.048	106	0.461	0.520	0.585
67	1.682	1.825	1.978	107	0.448	0.505	0.569
68	1.622	1.761	1.911	108	0.434	0.490	0.553
69	1.564	1.700	1.847	109	0.422	0.477	0.538
70	1.508	1.641	1.785	110	0.410	0.463	0.523
71	1.455	1.585	1.725	111	0.398	0.450	0.509
72	1.403	1.530	1.668	112	0.386	0.438	0.495
73	1.354	1.478	1.613	113	0.375	0.425	0.482
74	1.307	1.428	1.559	114	0.365	0.414	0.469
75	1.261	1.380	1.509	115	0.354	0.402	0.456
76	1.218	1.334	1.460	116	0.344	0.391	0.444
77	1.176	1.289	1.412	117	0.335	0.381	0.433
78	1.136	1.247	1.367	118	0.325	0.370	0.421
79	1.098	1.206	1.323	119	0.317	0.361	0.410



Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics(continues)

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
120	0.308	0.351	0.400				
121	0.299	0.342	0.389				
122	0.291	0.332	0.379				
123	0.283	0.324	0.370				
124	0.276	0.315	0.360				
125	0.268	0.307	0.351				
126	0.261	0.299	0.342				
127	0.254	0.291	0.334				
128	0.247	0.284	0.325				
129	0.241	0.277	0.317				
130	0.234	0.269	0.309				
131	0.228	0.263	0.302				
132	0.222	0.256	0.294				
133	0.217	0.250	0.287				
134	0.211	0.243	0.280				
135	0.206	0.237	0.273				
136	0.200	0.231	0.267				
137	0.195	0.226	0.260				
138	0.190	0.220	0.254				
139	0.186	0.215	0.248				
140	0.181	0.210	0.242				
141	0.177	0.205	0.237				
142	0.172	0.200	0.231				
143	0.168	0.195	0.226				
144	0.164	0.190	0.221				
145	0.160	0.186	0.216				
146	0.156	0.181	0.211				
147	0.152	0.177	0.206				
148	0.148	0.173	0.201				
149	0.145	0.169	0.197				
150	0.142	0.165	0.192				

9.2 Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A

Table 9.2: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (saturated vapor state)

	Saturated gauge			Saturated gauge	-	Ambient	Saturated gauge	Caturated gauge
Temperature		gauge pressure			gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.879	-9.5549	-30	168.02	24.37	10	983.49	142.64
-69	-63.608	-9.2256	-29	179.3	26.005	11	1015.9	147.35
-68	-61.22	-8.8793	-28	190.93	27.693	12	1049.1	152.15
-67	-58.711	-8.5154	-27	202.94	29.434	13	1083	157.07
-66	-56.077	-8.1332	-26	215.32	31.23	14	1117.6	162.09
-65	-53.312	-7.7322	-25	228.09	33.081	15	1153	167.22
-64	-50.411	-7.3115	-24	241.25	34.99	16	1189.1	172.47
-63	-47.371	-6.8706	-23	254.81	36.957	17	1226	177.82
-62	-44.186	-6.4087	-22	268.78	38.983	18	1263.8	183.29
-61	-40.852	-5.925	-21	283.17	41.07	19	1302.3	188.88
-60	-37.362	-5.4189	-20	297.98	43.218	20	1341.6	194.58
-59	-33.713	-4.8896	-19	313.23	45.43	21	1381.8	200.41
-58	-29.898	-4.3363	-18	328.91	47.705	22	1422.7	206.35
-57	-25.913	-3.7583	-17	345.05	50.046	23	1464.6	212.42
-56	-21.752	-3.1548	-16	361.65	52.453	24	1507.3	218.61
-55	-17.409	-2.525	-15	378.71	54.928	25	1550.8	224.93
-54	-12.88	-1.868	-14	396.26	57.472	26	1595.3	231.37
-53	-8.1571	-1.1831	-13	414.28	60.086	27	1640.6	237.95
-52	-3.2361	-0.46936	-12	432.8	62.772	28	1686.8	244.65
-51	1.8893	0.27402	-11	451.82	65.531	29	1734	251.49
-50	7.2252	1.0479	-10	471.35	68.364	30	1782.1	258.47
-49	12.777	1.8532	-9	491.4	71.272	31	1831.1	265.58
-48	18.552	2.6908	-8	511.98	74.257	32	1881.1	272.83
-47	24.556	3.5615	-7	533.1	77.32	33	1932.1	280.23
-46	30.794	4.4663	-6	554.76	80.462	34	1984	287.76
-45	37.274	5.4062	-5	576.99	83.685	35	2037	295.44
-44	44.002	6.382	-4	599.77	86.99	36	2091	303.27
-43	50.985	7.3947	-3	623.13	90.378	37	2146	311.25
-42	58.228	8.4453	-2	647.08	93.851	38	2202	319.37
-41	65.739	9.5347	-1	671.62	97.41	39	2259.1	327.66
-40	73.525	10.664	0	696.76	101.06	40	2317.3	336.09
-39	81.592	11.834	1	722.51	104.79	41	2376.5	344.69
-38	89.947	13.046	2	748.89	108.62	42	2436.9	353.44
-37	98.598	14.3	3	775.9	112.53	43	2498.4	362.36
-36	107.55	15.599	4	803.55	116.54	44	2561	371.45
-35	116.81	16.942	5	831.85	120.65	45	2624.8	380.7
-34	126.39	18.332	6	860.82	124.85	46	2689.8	390.12
-33	136.3	19.768	7	890.45	129.15	47	2755.9	399.71
-32	146.53	21.252	8	920.77	133.55	48	2823.3	409.48
-31	157.1	22.786	9	951.78	138.04	49	2891.8	419.43

Midea V8 Series VRF Indoor Units



Table 9.2: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (saturated vapor state)-continue

50	2961.7	429.55	57	3487.2	505.78	64	4083.4	592.25
51	3032.8	439.87	58	3567.8	517.47	65	4175	605.54
52	3105.2	450.36	59	3649.9	529.38	66	4268.3	619.07
53	3178.9	461.05	60	3733.5	541.5	67	4363.5	632.87
54	3253.9	471.94	61	3818.6	553.84	68	4460.5	646.93
55	3330.3	483.02	62	3905.3	566.41	69	4559.4	661.28
56	3408	494.3	63	3993.5	579.21	70	4660.4	675.93

Table 9.3: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (Saturated liquid state)

Ambient	Saturated gauge			Saturated gauge		Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated gauge
Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.704	-9.5296	-37	99.329	14.407	-4	602.1	87.327
-69	-63.425	-9.1991	-36	108.31	15.709	-3	625.53	90.725
-68	-61.029	-8.8515	-35	117.6	17.057	-2	649.55	94.209
-67	-58.511	-8.4863	-34	127.22	18.451	-1	674.16	97.779
-66	-55.867	-8.1028	-33	137.15	19.892	0	699.38	101.44
-65	-53.092	-7.7004	-32	147.42	21.381	1	725.21	105.18
-64	-50.182	-7.2782	-31	158.03	22.92	2	751.67	109.02
-63	-47.131	-6.8358	-30	168.98	24.509	3	778.76	112.95
-62	-43.935	-6.3722	-29	180.29	26.15	4	806.49	116.97
-61	-40.589	-5.8869	-28	191.97	27.843	5	834.88	121.09
-60	-37.087	-5.379	-27	204.01	29.59	6	863.93	125.3
-59	-33.425	-4.8479	-26	216.44	31.391	7	893.66	129.61
-58	-29.597	-4.2927	-25	229.24	33.249	8	924.07	134.02
-57	-25.599	-3.7128	-24	242.45	35.164	9	955.17	138.54
-56	-21.423	-3.1072	-23	256.05	37.137	10	986.98	143.15
-55	-17.066	-2.4752	-22	270.07	39.17	11	1019.5	147.87
-54	-12.521	-1.816	-21	284.5	41.263	12	1052.7	152.69
-53	-7.7823	-1.1287	-20	299.36	43.419	13	1086.7	157.62
-52	-2.8446	-0.41258	-19	314.66	45.637	14	1121.5	162.65
-51	2.2981	0.33331	-18	330.39	47.92	15	1156.9	167.8
-50	7.6519	1.1098	-17	346.58	50.268	16	1193.2	173.06
-49	13.223	1.9178	-16	363.23	52.683	17	1230.2	178.43
-48	19.017	2.7582	-15	380.35	55.165	18	1268.1	183.92
-47	25.041	3.6319	-14	397.95	57.717	19	1306.7	189.52
-46	31.3	4.5397	-13	416.03	60.34	20	1346.1	195.24
-45	37.802	5.4827	-12	434.61	63.034	21	1386.4	201.08
-44	44.553	6.4618	-11	453.69	65.802	22	1427.5	207.04
-43	51.558	7.4779	-10	473.28	68.643	23	1469.4	213.12
-42	58.826	8.5319	-9	493.39	71.561	24	1512.2	219.33
-41	66.362	9.625	-8	514.04	74.555	25	1555.9	225.67
-40	74.173	10.758	-7	535.22	77.627	26	1600.5	232.13
-39	82.267	11.932	-6	556.95	80.779	27	1645.9	238.72
-38	90.65	13.148	-5	579.24	84.012	28	1692.3	245.45



Table 9.3: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (Saturated liquid state) -continue

29	1739.6	252.31	43	2505.8	363.44	57	3495.4	506.96
30	1787.8	259.3	44	2568.5	372.54	58	3575.9	518.64
31	1837	266.43	45	2632.4	381.8	59	3657.9	530.53
32	1887.1	273.7	46	2697.5	391.24	60	3741.3	542.63
33	1938.2	281.11	47	2763.7	400.85	61	3826.2	554.95
34	1990.3	288.67	48	2831.2	410.63	62	3912.7	567.48
35	2043.4	296.37	49	2899.8	420.59	63	4000.6	580.24
36	2097.5	304.22	50	2969.7	430.73	64	4090.2	593.23
37	2152.6	312.21	51	3040.9	441.05	65	4181.3	606.45
38	2208.8	320.36	52	3113.3	451.55	66	4274.1	619.9
39	2266	328.66	53	3187.1	462.25	67	4368.6	633.61
40	2324.3	337.11	54	3262.1	473.13	68	4464.8	647.56
41	2383.7	345.73	55	3338.5	484.21	69	4562.8	661.77
42	2444.2	354.5	56	3416.3	495.49	70	4662.6	676.25



9.3 Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32

Table 9.4: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32

Ambient	Saturated gauge			Saturated gauge	Saturated	Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated gauge
Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.258	-9.4649	-29	183.58	26.627	12	1072.9	155.6
-69	-62.958	-9.1312	-28	195.42	28.344	13	1107.6	160.65
-68	-60.539	-8.7804	-27	207.64	30.115	14	1143.2	165.8
-67	-57.997	-8.4118	-26	220.24	31.943	15	1179.5	171.07
-66	-55.328	-8.0247	-25	233.24	33.828	16	1216.6	176.45
-65	-52.527	-7.6184	-24	246.64	35.772	17	1254.5	181.95
-64	-49.589	-7.1923	-23	260.45	37.775	18	1293.3	187.57
-63	-46.509	-6.7456	-22	274.68	39.838	19	1332.8	193.31
-62	-43.283	-6.2777	-21	289.33	41.964	20	1373.2	199.17
-61	-39.905	-5.7877	-20	304.43	44.153	21	1414.5	205.16
-60	-36.37	-5.275	-19	319.97	46.407	22	1456.6	211.27
-59	-32.673	-4.7388	-18	335.96	48.727	23	1499.6	217.5
-58	-28.808	-4.1782	-17	352.42	51.114	24	1543.5	223.87
-57	-24.77	-3.5926	-16	369.34	53.569	25	1588.3	230.36
-56	-20.553	-2.981	-15	386.75	56.093	26	1634	236.99
-55	-16.153	-2.3428	-14	404.65	58.689	27	1680.6	243.75
-54	-11.562	-1.677	-13	423.04	61.357	28	1728.2	250.65
-53	-6.7758	-0.98275	-12	441.94	64.098	29	1776.7	257.69
-52	-1.7877	-0.25928	-11	461.36	66.915	30	1826.2	264.87
-51	3.4082	0.49432	-10	481.31	69.808	31	1876.6	272.18
-50	8.8179	1.2789	-9	501.79	72.778	32	1928.1	279.65
-49	14.448	2.0955	-8	522.81	75.828	33	1980.5	287.25
-48	20.304	2.9448	-7	544.39	78.957	34	2034	295.01
-47	26.393	3.8279	-6	566.53	82.169	35	2088.5	302.91
-46	32.721	4.7457	-5	589.25	85.464	36	2144.1	310.97
-45	39.295	5.6992	-4	612.55	88.843	37	2200.7	319.18
-44	46.121	6.6893	-3	636.44	92.308	38	2258.3	327.55
-43	53.206	7.7169	-2	660.94	95.861	39	2317.1	336.07
-42	60.558	8.7831	-1	686.05	99.503	40	2377	344.75
-41	68.182	9.8889	0	711.78	103.23	41	2438	353.6
-40	76.086	11.035	1	738.14	107.06	42	2500.1	362.61
-39	84.277	12.223	2	765.15	110.97	43	2563.4	371.79
-38	92.762	13.454	3	792.8	114.99	44	2627.8	381.13
-37	101.55	14.728	4	821.13	119.09	45	2693.5	390.65
-36	110.64	16.048	5	850.12	123.3	46	2760.3	400.34
-35	120.05	17.413	6	879.8	127.6	47	2828.3	410.21
-34	129.79	18.824	7	910.18	132.01	48	2897.6	420.26
-33	139.86	20.284	8	941.26	136.52	49	2968.1	430.49
-32	150.26	21.793	9	973.06	141.13	50	3039.9	440.9
-31	161.01	23.353	10	1005.6	145.85	51	3113	451.5
-30	172.12	24.963	11	1038.8	150.67	52	3187.4	462.29



Table 9.4: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32 (continue)

53	3263.1	473.27	59	3746.3	543.36	65	4282.9	621.19
54	3340.1	484.45	60	3831.9	555.77	66	4378	634.97
55	3418.6	495.82	61	3919	568.4	67	4474.7	649
56	3498.4	507.39	62	4007.6	581.25	68	4573.2	663.29
57	3579.6	519.17	63	4097.8	594.33	69	4673.4	677.82
58	3662.2	531.16	64	4189.6	607.64	70	4775.5	692.63

9.4 Sensor codes and definitions applicable to the table

Table 9.5: Sensor codes and definitions

Sensor code	definition	Sensor code	definition
T1	Inlet Air Temp. Sensor	T2A	Liquid Pipe Temp. Sensor
T0	Outdoor Air Temp. Sensor*	T2	Middle Pipe Temp. Sensor
TA	Discharge Air Temp. Sensor*	T2B	Gas Pipe Temp. Sensor

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Indicates that this sensor is only available for Fresh Air Processing Unit



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Midea Building Technologies Division Midea Group

Add.: Midea Headquarters Building, 6 Midea Avenue, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, China **Postal code:** 528311

mbt.midea.com / global.midea.com / tsp.midea.com

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